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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor.

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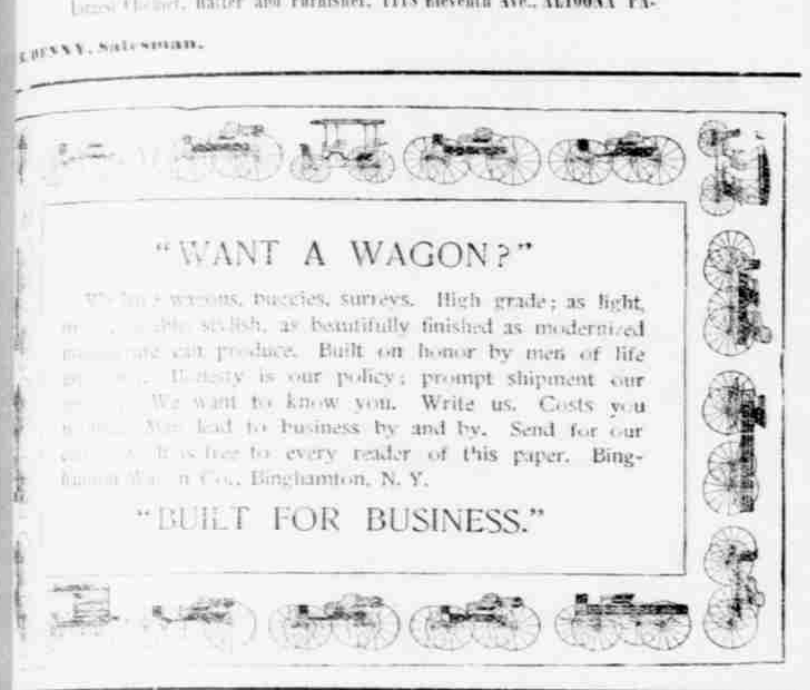
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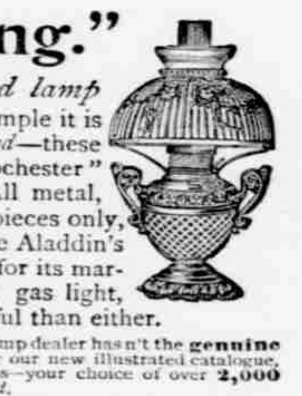
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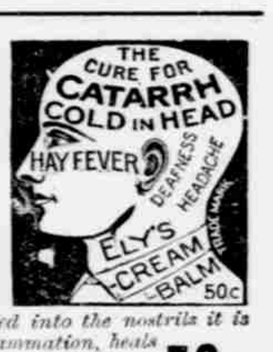
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Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

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THIS well known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty. ☞Ladies waited on at their residences.

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A NAMELESS HERO.

Beside the rocky road he lay,
Beneath the blazing noonday sun,
With age and toil grown thin and gray,
A weary horse whose work was done.

Upon his sides so gaunt and thin
Were marks of many a cruel blow—
They fell apace. Ah! shame and sin,
That day he had so far to go.

His breath was gone, his strength was spent,
The fiery sun was overhead—
As far as nature could he went,
Then dropped upon the roadside—dead

The cruel whip had lost its power,
No more a tortured slave was he;
The great All-good that very hour
Had given him his liberty.

The lifeless feet so wide apart,
The spreading tail, and low-laid head
Were still at last, no more to start
With terror at their owner's tread.

And thus he lay from hour to hour,
The deadest thing beneath the sun;
A king that never knew his power,
A nameless hero—overdone.

At night, two brother horses came
And, faltering, dragged his form away—
A loathsome thing of evil fame—
And only dead one little day.

And yet, in life, he labored well
In spite of hunger, blows and pain,
And did his duty, who can tell
That he shall never live again?

He was not human, no, but more—
A man with all his virtues great
We'd canonize; but evermore
A horse must work, endure and wait.

—Miss E. M. C[...]son, in Inter Ocean.

IN A BEAR'S CAVE.

A Hunting Adventure in the Wilds of Hungary.

The Russian maneuvers were over and the army was thankful, for the season had been one of the worst the oldest of us could remember. The cavalry had had the hardest time. Stationed as outposts we had bivouacked in mud and water inches deep, rain and hailstorms had soaked and stiffened us for days at a time, some of our best horses had gone lame, and the cooking had been atrocious. I don't know when we had all been so glad to get back to our depots and to the comforts of home.

But when I reached my rooms one of the first letters I picked up was from my old hunting companion, Count Eltz, and contained an invitation to join him for a two weeks' hunt in his favorite haunt, the Carpathian mountains. "Come down as soon as you get this," the letter ran. "I have seen the tracks of one of the biggest bears that ever walked and shall wait for you to join me in giving it the 'coup de grace.' Deer and boars were never more plentiful nor in better condition. Come down and be thawed out by our glorious Hungarian sun."

I could not resist; balls and theaters could go, and I astonished my servant, honest old August, who was polishing up my parade clothes, by telling him to drop everything and pack my hunting traps. A visit to the colonel was next in order and without much trouble I got three weeks' leave.

I left town in a rainstorm, but when we steamed into Vienna next morning the sky was clear and the air balmy and exhilarating. Thirty-four hours later, by means of rail, boat and stage, I was eating supper with my genial friend Eltz, under the shadows of the Carpathians.

Favored by the fine fall weather, we had splendid sport, bringing seven deer and three wild boars and quantities of smaller game during the first week. Sunday we rested and Eltz proposed we should start out next day for the bear's lair.

"It will take two days to reach its retreat," he said, "but we need make no preparations, as we can spend the night at my forester's."

During our tramp next day we saw many of the forest inhabitants, startling here and there a deer or lynx, and once nearly stumbling over a wild sow with a litter of little bristlers. The little fellows tore headlong through the undergrowth, but the sow showed fight, and not wishing to kill her we had to retreat. In the afternoon we spied a fine young vixen, sitting before a hollow oak stump and watching with evident pride the gambols of four young cubs. They were playing with a young leveret their mother had brought home alive. We had hardly time to admire the antics of the graceful little creatures when the mother gave a short, sharp bark, snapped up the leveret and in a wink the whole family was safe underground.

We reached the forester's house, or rather, hut, before sunset. Two great boarhounds sprang up at our approach and came barking and bounding toward us. They were old friends of Eltz's and nearly threw him down by their clumsy welcome. Their master was not at home, but we made ourselves comfortable, lighting a fire and filling our pipes with some good natural leaf that hung over the mantel. Erhardt came in before dark. He had some news for us, for he had seen the big bear we were after that very morning. He had crept up to within a few yards of it as it was feasting in a whortleberry patch about three miles north of us. He declared it was a stranger to those parts, having probably been driven away from the lower plains. Erhardt never voluntarily took part in any hunting expedition, and Eltz, respecting his feelings, never asked him to. He had an observing mind and his stories of animal traits were extremely interesting.

On a heap of deer and bear skins Eltz and I slept like tops. Early next morning Erhardt awakened me to give me a word of caution. "There never was a better huntsman than the 'Herr Graf,'" he said, "but his success has made him foolhardy. Don't hesitate to use your rifle if he gets into close quarters with that big bear. I had rather see my right hand cut off than a hair of his head injured." I promised to see to it that his master should not run too great risks if I could prevent it, and the honest fellow gave me his hand. By the time we were dressed he had a good breakfast ready, and half an hour later we were heading for the whortleberry patch.

When he reached it nothing was in sight. "The brutes are getting on their winter fat and are too lazy for anything," said Eltz. "Let us climb up the cliffs a piece and see if we can chance upon their retreat." We began the ascent and in an hour had left the deciduous trees behind—the region grew wilder and made progress more difficult. We scrambled through brush and thicket, sometimes crawling painfully up bare rocks, still wet and slippery with dew, sometimes having to descend abrupt places in a sitting position. Once I missed my footing and rolled and slid twenty feet down a steep incline, clutching vainly at stones and roots only to pitch headlong into a thorny bramble that held me a prisoner until Eltz hacked me out with his knife. While I was pulling the thorns out of my flesh and clothes Eltz went forward to reconnoiter a great fissure a few hundred feet up the mountain side. When ready to follow him I noticed a kestrel hanging in the air, its shadow vibrating at my feet. Suddenly it swooped downwards and then I spied its clear cut figure outlined against the sky at the top of a dead pine, and one foot clutched some small animal its keen eye had marked for its prey. Right at the foot of the pine I saw a great dark moving mass which I knew was a bear. It reared up and tore the bark of the tree with its great claws just like a cat, then came slowly up the slope, evidently heading in our direction. It had not yet seen me, and dodging behind bowlders and stumps I hastened to join Eltz. He was on his hands and knees peering into a dark, low cavern when I reached him and his eyes sparkled at the news I brought.

"Let's go into the cave and surprise the old fellow if he tries to get in," he cried.

"Supposing his mate is in there?" I ventured to remonstrate, but he declared that all signs showed that the occupants were not at home, and before I could find another objection he had seized my arm and dragged me in with him. The entrance was too low to stand upright, so we crawled forward on our hands and knees, Eltz leading the way. We had hardly gone seven yards when Eltz drew back. He had nearly gone headforemost into a hole. The rock dropped abruptly here, and I passed him my rifle. Lowering it by the shoulder straps he could just touch bottom. There was no time to stop, so we lowered ourselves carefully and then passed around to see how much of a footing we had down there. Just then we heard the bear enter the cave. It came with a rush, and as we flattened ourselves against the steep wall it dropped at our feet with a hoarse grunt and went shuffling off into the dark. It came so much sooner than we had expected that we had no time to explore the cave and determine on our plan of attack. We could hear it thrashing about and grunting somewhere in the depths of the cavern, but of course we could see nothing.

"Let's get out of here," I whispered.

"All right," said Eltz, and he gave me a hoist up. As I struggled upward I saw the great bear I had seen coming up the mountain not two yards from the mouth of the cave, and I dropped down again, stammering out:

"Here's the other one! Lie close to the rock for your life!"

The great brute came shuffling in slowly and stopped when it reached the edge of the rock. Peering upwards I could see its huge head swinging slowly from side to side. It was snuffing loudly and suspiciously. Would it detect us?

A deep bass snort came as if in answer to my thought, and I saw its fierce red eyes glow as it glared upon us. The long-stretched neck tempted Eltz and he sprang up, knife in hand, but before he could strike I had pushed my rifle against his shaggy neck and fired three shots that tore its throat out. A deluge of warm blood streamed down upon us, the walls of the cavern rang again and again with the cracking reports and the horrible roars of the mortally wounded brute. In the dim light and through the smoke I saw it half fall, half spring over the ledge. We jumped out of the way, but the cave was so narrow that one great paw struck my foot before I could get away and threw me headlong. The long claws tore through my boot and lacerated me badly. The other bear was uttering frightful roars, and as I lay half stunned and helpless on the ground I never expected to get out of the place alive, for I believe Eltz would want to knife the other bear and in the dark he would have little chance of success. It was with a sigh of relief that I heard him mutter as he picked up my rifle, "I suppose I must shoot, but I hate to do it." Then he sent shot after shot in the direction of the growls. We could not have retreated from her attack, but she died tamely without showing fight. Eltz helped me up, and we got out of as tight a place as I ever care to get into. The smoke of the rifle and the musty smell of the cavern had half suffocated us, and the din of the reports and the roars of the bears rang in our heads for days afterward.

By the aid of a stout stick and Eltz' arm I got back to Erhardt's cabin to be laid up for the rest of the week with a pretty sore foot. Eltz and the forester set off the next morning, and lighting up the cave with torches they skinned the bears and brought back the furs and a fine ham before night. The great bear was as large a male brown bear as either had ever seen and his fur was exceptionally fine and glossy, but the female was a small specimen, and her hide but of ordinary quality. Erhardt declared the big fellow was a stranger to those parts, and had either killed or driven off the former mate of the small female. Most of the members of the bear family mate for life, but in his long acquaintance with their ways the forester could tell of several such occurrences, and no doubt he was right. Eltz insisted that the big skin belonged to me, and when I returned I brought it with me, and it now hangs in our mess room, and it is one of the finest trophies of the chase that adorn the walls.—Sidney Hansler, in Detroit Free Press.

STUB ENDS OF THOUGHT.

A WIFE is wisdom.

BROKEN hearts have been repaired.

A NEWSPAPER never tells half it knows.

THERE is no corkscrew without a coffin nail.

A WISE man will think what a fool will say.

HARMONY is the brain, melody the heart, of music.

HIGH tempered people are not necessarily ill tempered people.

THE world is not greatly indebted to good natured people for its progress.

THERE are as many million kinds of hereafter as there are many million kinds of people.

WATERS OF LAKE MICHIGAN.

They Come from the Rocky Mountains.

Where do the waters of Lake Michigan come from? is an old question; and it is a question as old as the artesian wells. Where do their waters come from? Col. Foster, an eminent civil engineer, for many years in charge of government interests on the lake, was fond of talking on the first subject. "Every drop of those waters," he was often heard to declare, says the Chicago Herald, "came from the Rocky mountains." His theory was that they were brought here subterraneously, but he never, to our knowledge, marked out the course of the subterraneous stream. He announced this as his conviction long before—indeed, he died before—the sinking of artesian wells in Chicago and the consequent discovery of the now undoubted fact.

William B. Ogden held the same view, and used at times to make himself very interesting in expatiating upon it. With him, as well as with Col. Foster, it was no more than a theory, but he adhered to it firmly.

Mr. Cregier, who is scientific before he is a politician, is wont to talk approvingly of the theory in a manner to convince any man. The phenomenon is the running out of this lake through the others of the easterly chain and over Niagara falls of an incalculable quantity of water, and this continually every minute in the hour, every hour in the day, every day in the year and every year in progressive time! The lake has no visible inlets—where, then, does it get its replenishment? From the Rocky mountains. Through rents and crevices, down into caverns at the roots of these mountains, pour ever the waters from melting snows. Four thousand feet they sink to strike a gravity incline that levels with their floor under Chicago. Under this city and elsewhere on the west side of Lake Michigan—this is the proved theory, theory as good as proved—the snow-covered Rocky mountains are constantly sending their waters to supply flowage and evaporation that are ever going forward in the watery expanse right here in sight of a million and a half (almost) of people.

BLUFFED BY A PARSON.

A London Thug Who Thought the American Preacher Carried a Gun.

"I had an adventure in London last spring of a very unpleasant nature," said a Memphis minister, the other day. "I was wandering about the city sightseeing one day and finally found myself near the notorious Whitechapel district. I was approached by a beggar who appeared to be a complete physical wreck. I questioned him, and his story was so pitiful that I concluded to investigate it. He said that he lodged in the next block and thither we went. He led me into a gloomy old building and up three pairs of rickety stairs to a little stuffy room lighted only by a dirty skylight. Once in there he locked the door, laid aside his crutches, pulled off his gray wig, and stood up, a powerful six-footer in the prime of life. 'Well,' said I, 'I see you are a fraud; what do you want with me?' He replied that he wanted my purse, watch and chain, and to enforce his claim produced an ugly looking knife. 'It will do no good to cry out,' he said, 'for you cannot be heard in the street, and no one in this building will come to your aid.'

"I had sized him up pretty close and concluded that he was bluffing, that he would not dare kill me in the very heart of London, so I assumed a careless air and told him that if he robbed me he would have to kill me first, and that he might just as well get at it. 'Oh, I know that you have got a pistol, but I'm not afraid of it,' he said. 'Most Americans carry pistols for just such cattle as you,' I replied with all the coolness I could assume. 'Now, if you are not afraid of it why don't you get to work?' I saw that he was cowed, and throwing my hand to my hip pocket, I stepped forward and said firmly: 'Give me that knife.' 'He handed it to me without a word, unlocked the door and held it open for me to pass out. No, I had no pistol—never carry one; but I made no more visits to the dens of London beggars without a burly officer at my elbow."

POPULAR SCIENCE.

AT the head of the gulf of Bothnia there is a mountain on the summit of which the sun shines perpetually during the five days June 19, 20, 21, 22 and 23.

THERE is a certain island in the Baltic sea to whose inhabitants the body of the sun is clearly visible in the morning before he arises, and likewise in the evening after he is set.

THE central Sahara registers a mean of 97 degrees in July. Central Australia boasts of 94 degrees in January—a mean which is attained in South Carolina and inner Arabia in midsummer.

THERE is a certain village in the kingdom of Naples situated in a very low valley, and yet the sun is nearer to the inhabitants thereof every noon by 3,000 miles than when he riseth or setteth to those of the said village.

THERE are two observable places belonging to Asia, both lying under the same meridian and in a small distance of each other, and yet the respective inhabitants of them in reckoning their time differ an entire day every week.

THE theory that the deepest place in the ocean will be found to correspond almost exactly with the height of the highest mountain has been disproved within the last year, ocean depths 10,000 feet deeper than the height of Mount Everest having been found.

Bothered the Policemen.

For some time a poker game has been running on Gorman street, Cincinnati. The complaints became so vigorous that a raid was determined on. In some way the managers of the game received a tip and prepared to give the officers a hot reception. They filled the rear yard and hallway with boxes, beer kegs and other stuff. Barbed wires were strung so that officers scaling the fence would become entangled in them. A cellarway was partially filled with sticks of timber, and the door left open. The officers came as expected. They walked into the trap. They were shamefully cut and torn by the wires and bruised by falls over the obstructions in the yard. Every uniform was ruined. When the police were in the midst of their struggles the gamblers, who had been watching, gave them the laugh and fled.

CHINESE NUMERALS.

The Methods Adopted by Mongolian Laundrymen.

John Runs Out of Figures When He Reaches the Hundred Mark and Has to Resort to Words to Keep Count.

The Chinese laundryman is as a rule a very uncommunicative individual and does not make any great effort to enter into more intimate relations with strangers. However, the almond-eyed celestial with whom a Brooklyn Eagle man came in contact proved to be a little more free spoken than his countrymen generally are, possibly because he had mastered the language better than most Chinamen. He seemed ready to answer any interrogation that might be put to him, and in response to an inquiry willingly explained the system of laundry checks in universal use among Chinamen. To begin with, he illustrated how the checks were written with a brush-like pen with India ink on the red or green slips of paper. Usually red paper is used for bundles of collars and cuffs alone, and the green checks for bundles of laundry composed of different articles. The Chinese system of counting is similar to our own—that is, there are nine figures, but there is another character for ten which resembles a cross. The other nine figures are of curious formation, easily recognizable as being Chinese characters. The 1, 2 and 3 are represented by horizontal lines, the same as Roman numerals, except that the latter are vertical. The rest are of peculiar formation impossible to describe.

Now comes the point of difference between the Arabic system of notation and that of the disciples of Confucius. Instead of using the first nine figures combined with the figure 10 to express numbers greater than 10, the Chinese have different characters, which with the cross (10) are equivalent to what we call our "teens." Then the multiples of 10 are formed by the use of the same characters as for the teens, but the cross for 10 is placed to the right of the other character. There still remain all the other numbers beyond 20, except the multiples of ten, to be provided for. These are formed by combining the character used for the multiple of 10 and the character denoting the figure which, if added to the multiple, will make the desired number, except that, in combining the two, the cross denoting the 10 is omitted.

For example, in writing 40 a character resembling our X is placed to the left of the cross (10), and to make 43 the X and three lines, vertical in this case, are used, omitting the cross used in writing 40. Thus it will be seen that they will have eighteen characters while we have but ten, and our system is not nearly so cumbersome. To recapitulate, they have the nine characters which are represented by our own nine digits and the cross for 10, which we form by combining the 0 and the 1. There are eight more characters used in forming all the rest of the numbers. The 2 and 3 when used in forming these numbers are written vertically: the 4 is an X, the 5 resembles an 8, the 6 is like an L, the 7 the same with a line under it, the 8 the same with two lines under it and the 9 a combination of two curved lines. The Chinese cannot count beyond 100, or 99, rather, and so when the laundryman has exhausted all his numbers he is forced to fall back on words. Therefore he writes a word on the check twice, just the same as the number is written twice. The number is often written in the center also, and the check torn in two pieces right through these characters, and thus an additional safeguard is provided.

The word written on the check is generally the name of some familiar object or a motto. With each hundred checks this, of course, has to be changed. When the goods are put in the wash a strip of cotton cloth is tied to each one on which is written the number and, if necessary, the additional word and number of articles which have the same number. It will be seen that the system is cumbrous, necessitating much work. The price of the washing is marked on the part of the check the laundryman keeps, so that he can tell at a glance how much to charge.

THE BOY AND THE LION.

Remarkable Adventure of a Ten-Year-Old Boy in the Colorado Mountains.

"The most remarkable adventure I know of was that of a ten-year-old boy in Colorado," said a St. Louis man to a Republic reporter. "A party of us had gone from Pueblo for a week's hunting and fishing along the Arkansas river. We carried tents and camped out. A man named Britton had his young son with him, a manly little fellow, who could land a trout and bring down an antelope with the best of us. One day he got separated from the party, lost his way and spent the night in the mountains. He had with him a 38-caliber rifle, a good weapon for small game, but in the section where we were camped mountain lions were plentiful.

"His father was well-nigh distracted, and we searched all night long for the adventurous youngster without avail. Just at sunup we started to return to camp. As we descended a ravine we discovered the object of our search, sound asleep, with his head pillowed on an enormous mountain lion, which was curled up as though enjoying a nap. Three of us approached cautiously to within fifty yards, drew a bead on the animal and at a given signal fired. The brute never stirred. The boy, whom we supposed dead, half rose, rubbed his eyes and inquired peevishly: 'What are you fellers tryin t'do? I killed this yere lion four hours ago.'"

The Shah's Compromise.

The shah of Persia, Nasr-ed-Din, was in England in 1873. When informed of the immense wealth of more than one of the English dukes, he calmly told the prince of Wales that all such subjects were dangerous, and therefore should be put to death, and zealously enjoined upon the prince the necessity of so doing. "But," replied the prince, "I cannot do that." "You," said the shah, in astonishment—"you, the heir to the throne, and cannot put a subject to death?" "By no means," said the prince, "without process of law." "Well, then," said the shah, politely, as if to compromise the matter, "I would put out their eyes."

TEN YEARS IN BED.

A Spiritualist's Hallucination Takes Fresh Hold After an Intermission.

One of the queerest women in New York state is Mrs. Anna Hallock, of Wayne, Schuyler county. She is a spiritualist, owns one of the finest farms in the country, is wealthy and has more than ordinary business abilities and intelligence. She is a sister-in-law of Colonel Crane, of Hornellsville, the well-known politician and lawyer. Her hallucinations have made her the talk of the neighborhood. A little over ten years ago she claimed to have received a message from the spirit world directing her to go to bed and stay there for ten years. Meanwhile she was not to allow any water to touch her body. She went to bed and, the New York Recorder says, no persuasion or argument could make her get up. She would not allow people to wash her under any circumstances, although she accepted clean clothing. She was apparently strong and healthy, had splendid color, ate heartily and never complained of being ill.

When clergymen called to urge her to get up she was deaf to their entreaties, and said the spirit ordered her to stay in bed for the purification of her soul. She continued the management of her farm, kept herself posted on the market prices of farm products and did a great deal of writing, but nothing could persuade her to arise. Recently the ten-year limit expired and she got up and dressed herself. She was slightly bent from being in bed so long, but was seemingly in good health and spirits. She received another message from the same spirit. She declares she was ordered to go back to bed and remain there until her death. She immediately complied. All sorts of arguments are being used to make her get up, but she is steadfast in her refusal, and says she will stay in bed until she dies and will not allow herself to be washed.

HE STARED TOO HARD.

But the Old Gentleman Wished He Hadn't Spoken About It.

An elderly man seated in a Sixth avenue elevated train the other day, when a pretty young woman entered and took the vacant seat beside him. She was followed by a man who took the seat opposite.

Now, this elderly man, says the New York Recorder, was reading his paper when this young woman entered, and he continued to do so, but his attention was attracted to the man opposite, who was staring at her as only men can stare. The young woman seemed annoyed and bit her lip and looked in another direction.

"How insolent of that man! It's a shame she should be so annoyed," thought our friend beside her. At length the good-hearted old man could stand it no longer and he exclaimed, indignantly:

"Don't you know any better than to stare at a woman in that manner?"

A peculiar expression came over the "starers'" face, as he answered: "I don't know of anyone who has a better right, sir—she is my wife."

The interested passengers smiled and the old gentleman got off at the next station.

LONG FINGER NAILS.

A Chinaman Raised One Six Inches in Length.

To allow the nails to grow to an inordinate length is common in China, as an indication that the owner follows a sedentary occupation or leads a life of leisure. Long nails on the right hand would interfere with the use of the brush (corresponding with our pen), and would therefore reflect unfavorably on the person concerned, as tending to show that he did not devote himself to composition and literary exercises, the pride of every educated Chinese. They are almost always confined to the left hand, therefore, and are at times very long, delicately chased silver cases being worn to protect them.

Some years ago I met a Chinese gentleman who had carefully guarded the growth of the nails on the third and fourth fingers, the former for ten years, the latter for twenty-five. The nail on the fourth finger, when the silver protector was removed, was some six inches or more long, and twisted like a corkscrew. Some few months later this gentleman, owing to an accident, broke the nail. His grief was as great as if he had lost a near relative.

Drinking from a Lady's Shoe.

In London a century ago it was no uncommon practice on the part of the "fast men" to drink bumpers to the health of a lady out of her shoe. The earl of Cork, in an amusing paper in the Connoisseur, relates an incident of this kind, and, to carry the compliment still further, he states that the shoe was ordered to be dressed and served up for supper. "The cook set himself seriously to work upon it; he pulled the upper part (which was of fine damask) into fine shreds, and tossed it up into a ragout, minced the sole, cut the wooden heel into thin slices, fried them in batter and placed them round the dish for garnish. The company testified their affection for the lady by eating heartily of this exquisite impromptu." Within the last score of years, at a dinner of Irish squires, the health of a beautiful girl, whose feet were as pretty as her face, was drank in champagne from one of her satin shoes, which an admirer of the lady had contrived to obtain possession of.

QUEER PICK-UPS.

IT is said that the "snake stones" of Ceylon will invariably cure snake bites.

A GIANT'S skeleton has been unearthed at Brunswick, Ga., which is nearly nine feet long.

CONNECTICUT spelled in an Indian dialect, Quin-neh-tuk-gut, signified "land on a long tidal river."

AT the poles, where all meridians converge, there can be no natural standard time, for it is every hour of the day at once.

"SAVECENEABBEATORESOOABATLABOMABONATETOK." That is Esquimau for "You must get a good knife," an important thing to have in Labrador.

THE prohibition of cigarette smoking among employes is among the cholera precautions adopted by the New York stock exchange.

AT Aix-la-Chapelle there is a newspaper museum founded by Oscar von Forckenbeck, which contains files of specimens of more than 17,000 different newspapers.

WARRIORS OF THE WORLD.

A SON of Gen. Pope and grandsons of Gen. Sherman and Gen. C. F. Smith were among the latest entries as cadets at West Point.

CAPT. CHARLES H. HEYL, of the Twenty-third infantry, has been detailed to represent the war department exhibit at the world's fair.

FLIES are so pestilential in Siam that every soldier is compelled to assist in reducing their number by catching enough of them every day to fill a match box.

BY a recently issued decree all soldiers of the Russian empire must in future use handkerchiefs, which have heretofore been restricted to the officers.

THE Prussian army is said to contain but one officer from the ranks—Col. Lademann, who was promoted for acts of exceptional bravery in the Schleswig-Holstein campaign in 1864. He has just been gazetted commander of the Sixtieth infantry.

THERE is a population of 70,000 in Iceland, yet the only military force employed consists of two policemen, stationed at the capital, Reykjavic, and the only two lawyers in the island are the state's attoney, as he may be called, and another, who is on hand to defend anybody that may be put on trial.

RUMBLINGS ON THE RAILS.

TRAINS in Russia run twenty-two miles an hour.

GREAT BRITAIN is reported to have 16,860 locomotives.

ON several of the railroads in Russia iron telegraph poles are to be substituted for wooden ones.

MEXICO has 22,500 miles of telegraph and 6,600 of railroad. A district messenger service will soon be introduced.

THE life of a locomotive crank pin, which is almost the first thing about an engine to wear out, is 60,000 miles, and the life of a 33-inch wheel is 66,733 miles.

THE Japanese government contemplates the construction of six lines of railway, aggregating 800 miles in length. The purchase of the private railways by the state is also projected.

ON foggy winter days English railways employ thousands of extra hands to place detonating signals on rails, the ordinary semaphores being invisible. A new method of signalling is by an electric bell on the locomotive, a contact device causing each signal station to sound automatically the number of beats required to tell whether to stop or proceed.

SPARKS AND FLASHES.

PLOWING by electricity is in contemplation for a large property in Central Spain.

THE Pennsylvania railroad is equipping its anthracite collieries with electric light plants, and will cut coal twenty-four hours a day.

THE importance of electricity on modern steamships is shown by the fact that the new English battleship, Royal Sovereign, has no less than eight hundred electric lights and thirty miles of wire.

A CANADIAN electrician states that electricity causes the tides and demonstrates it by electrifying a rubber comb by rubbing it through the hair and then drawing it over the top of a glass filled with water, the result being that the tidal wave follows the comb.

IT is said that a man in Columbus, O., has patented an electric device intended to automatically lower and raise railroad gates at grade crossings at the approach and after the passing of trains. The apparatus is expected to entirely supplant flagmen and gatetenders.

CHIPS OF FUN.

"GOSH!" exclaimed Josiah Pinkerton, as he gazed at the leopard in the menagerie, "jes' look at them freckles!"—Washington Star.

"TIMMINS is one of the most disagreeable fellows to play poker with I ever met." "Why? Does he always grumble when he loses?" "He never loses."—Indianapolis Journal.

EVERY LITTLE HELPS.—She—"You'd better stay and ask papa to-night." He (sadly)—"What would be the use?" She—"Well, you could stay to dinner, you know, and you'd be ahead a square meal anyway."—N. Y. Herald.

TWO OF THEM.—Mrs. Chiggers (after the quarrel)—"Abel, you're a fool!" Mr. Chiggers—"Well, didn't you know it before we were married?" "No—yes." "Then what did you marry me for?" (Melting)—"Because I was a fool, too, dear."—Chicago Tribune.

STATISTICAL RECORDS.

STATISTICS prove that the negro in the south lives longer than the negro in the north.

A BUSHEL of wheat for every citizen of the United States, with enough more for fall seeding, is the product this season in Kansas.

ELEVEN million eight hundred and three thousand bales of cotton were used by the world last year, according to an exchange.

SWITZERLAND had 2,359 mechanical establishments, using a total of 82,393 horse power, of which 54,243 was supplied by water, 27,432 by steam, 394 by gas, 332 by electricity.

MORE than 1,000 vessels, aggregating 650,000 tons, are lost annually, this being between three and four per cent. of the world's total shipping. Of the total tonnage lost, only 12 per cent. is in steel vessels, against 41 per cent. in iron and 47 in wood.

FATHERS OF GREAT MEN.

NAPOLEON'S father was a citizen of very humble means.

ASHMOLE, the great antiquarian, was a saddler's son.

MARSHAL BERNADOTTO was the son of a provincial notary.

THE father of Barry, the historical painter, was a sailor.

MARSHAL NEY was a cooper's son, and himself a notary.

THE father of Adrian, the ascetic pontiff, was a laborer.

SAUSSURE, the naturalist, was the son of a Swiss farmer.

VIRGIL'S father was a porter, and for many years a slave.

MASSILLON, the great French preacher, was a notary's son.

WYATT, the great architect, was the son of a farm laborer.

THE father of Niebuhr, the historian, was a farm laborer.

PLAUTUS, the Latin Shakespeare, was the son of a freedman.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - DECEMBER 23, 1892.

The bill increasing the pension of veterans of the Mexican war, who are now receiving $8 per month, to $12, passed the House on Monday by an exact quorum, 167, nobody voting in the negative.

THE Emperor of Morrocco wants to come to the World's Fair with his 6000 wives; but the St Louis *Post Dispatch* says that somebody has alarmed him about Chicago divorce facilities, and if he shall come he will leave the partners of his joys at home.

MR. DURBORROW, of Illinois, introduin the House Tuesday a joint resolution repealing the religious legislation pertaining to the World's Fair. The resolution proposes to leave the matter of Sunday observance entirely within the powe. of the authorities of the fair.

THE manufacturers of the Remington typewriter last week paid $10,000 for the first Columbian half-dollar issued from the mint. This is said to be the highest price ever paid for a single coin and will enhance the value of the whole issue to the World's Fair Commissioners.

NORTH DAKOTA takes the cake in the distribution of the electoral vote. One Cleveland elector on the fusion ticket has been declared elected by 181 majority; one Harrison elector by 8 majority, and one Weaver elector on the fusion ticket by 14 majority. Each of the three candidates will receive one vote from North Dakota.

POSTMASTER FIELD, of Philadelphia, finds it more difficult to get rid of his office than it was to get it, an experience that has fallen to the lot of but few office-holders. He has twice resigned, but each time reconsidered at the urgent request of the Postmaster-General, who is anxious that there shall be no change until a Democrat is appointed by Mr. Cleveland.

THE contested election case from this congressional district between Greevy and Scull was decided on Friday last by a report from the Committee on Contested elections, in favor of Scull. The action of the committee is in striking contrast with action of the same committee in the last Republican House which threw out every Democrat without any regard to whether he was elected or not.

THERE appears to be no doubt that Ex-Secretary of State James G. Blaine is nearing his end. He was very sick the latter part of last week but the latest news from Washington indicates a change for the better. It is evident that his real condition for some reason is being concealed from the public, but the prevailing opinion seems to be that his life work is done and that his death may be looked for at any time.

THE trustees of the soldiers' and sailors' home at Erie, Pa., have decided that the rule applying to pensioners requiring them to pay 80 per cent. of the pensions to the home shall be so modified that a pensioner securing $4 or less shall not be affected. The board of public charities will be asked to recommend an appropriation of $50,000 for necessary buildings and $40,000 for maintenance for two years. The old soldiers and sailors in the home now number 321.

A REMARKABLE jury was summarily dealt with by Judge Brentano at Chicago, on Monday. It was the case in which the mother of 9-year-old Mabel Angel was suing Brown & Co., contractors, for $25,000 damages in causing the death of the child. The jurors petitioned to have whisky and cigars sent into the jury room, and, receiving no response from the court decided to have some fun with the Judge. The result was a verdict finding the charge [illegible] and awarding the plaintiff one cent damages Judge Brentano instantly set aside the verdict, administered a terrific tongue-lashing to the jurors, dismissed them in disgrace, and fined the nine chief culprits to an amount equal to their fees.

THE Nicaragua canal bill, which has held the attention of the foreign relations committee of the Senate since the beginning of the session, has at last been completed, and on Wednesday was favorably reported by its author, Senator Sherman, who gave notice in the Senate that he would call it up at an early date and endeavor to secure prompt action upon it. The new bill is drawn on substantially the same lines as the bill reported from the committee to the last Congress, including, as it does, a proposition to guarantee bonds of the company to the extent of $100,000,000 to aid in the construction of the canal. The new bill contains, however, some additions which materially increase the obligations of the company as well as the security of the Government.

AN income tax, says the Chicago *Herald*, if honestly and strictly levied and collected, is as fair as any tax can be. It is a tax on possessions and not on necessities. It is porportioned to the ability of men to pay and not to the size of their families and the amount it costs to support them. It is a tax which can be increased or diminished according to the needs of the Government, without turning the markets topsy-turvy and giving speculators a chance to make millions in anticipation or in consequence of increasing some custom-House tax or some excise tax, as, for instance, the tax on whisky. It ought to be American to tax people according to their ability to pay. It ought to be un-American to tax consumption and to put millions in private pockets by changing or threatening to increase internal or tariff taxes.

THE high-tariff organs of Pennsylvania and of other parts of the country, but especially those of Pennsylvania, says the New York *World*, are very much concerned lest the Democratic party when in possession of the Government, as it soon will be, may ruin "business interests."

They profess great fear that President Cleveland will be unable to control Congress. Just now they are fond of quoting certain selections from Mr. Cleveland's public utterances which afford them a degree of comfort. But they are dreadfully afraid of Congress.

Let them possess their souls in peace. Mr. Cleveland when President will have the veto power, and they ought to know that he is not afraid to use it. He will not be apt to consent to anything which he considers destructive of the real business interests of the country. But his view of "business interests" does not include in that term the privilege of fleecing the people under the protection of law which is so dear to Pennsylvanians.

That sort of thing will be stopped. Grover Cleveland cannot be cajoled to tolerate it, nor can the new Congress. It will be stopped as soon as possible. The duty of stopping it will not be postponed in order that the robbers may continue robbing.

We recommend to our high-tariff friends a rereading of President Cleveland's message on the tariff. Let them reflect as they read that he has been reelected and a Democratic Congress has been chosen because the people want the doctrine of that message put into law.

This will be done, and done within a year.

THE Pittsburg *Times*, Rep., of the 14th inst., says: An interesting fact about the condition of the Treasury came to light to-day in rather a roundabout way. Representative Doan, of Ohio, had occasion to call upon Assistant Secretary Bussey, of the Interior department, relative to a pension matter. In the course of the conversation Mr. Doan suggested to the Secretary that it was rather a remarkable thing that there should be 200,000 cases on the completed files of the Pension office.

"Why don't you have certificates issued for these completed cases?" asked Mr. Doan, "if you do not, the Democrats will turn them out as fast as possible when they come into power, and thus get the credit from the soldiers that ought to come to us."

"Well," said General Bussey "the fact of the matter is that a cabinet meeting was held especially to consider this matter, and were told that we must not issue any certificates or we would bankrupt the country. That is the simple reason why these completed cases are allowed to pile up in General Raum's office. There isn't money enough in the Treasury to pay them."

It is expected that there will be at least 250,000 of these completed cases by next March. Nearly all of them are granted under the dependent disability act, and the applicants are known to be, in many instances, in needy circumstances. At the risk of causing prolonging want and doing injustice in deserving cases, the certificates are not granted.

The above, it must be remembered, is from a red hot Republican newspaper.

A CONSPIRACY to murder by poison has been developed in connection with the Homestead strike. It was a scheme to poison by wholesale the non-union workmen at the Carnegie company steel plant, and the developments which have been made implicate members of the Advisory Committee, members of the Amalgamated Association, and officials of some of the labor organizations sympathizing with the locked-out men at Homestead. As a result of this conspiracy it is alleged that between thirty and forty persons lost their lives, while score of others are still suffering, at their homes and in hospitals, from the effects of the poisonous drugs administered to them with criminal intent. Nine or more persons, who are more or less identified with the strikers, are under arrest, ostensibly on less serious charges, but really for the purpose of averting suspicion until all those who are claimed to be in the conspiracy have been secured. The only name given of those charged with administering poison is Robert Beattie, who was arrested at Louisville.

COMPLETE foreign trade returns for November show a more favorable merchandise balance than had been indicated by the preliminary reports published last week. The value of all exports was $97,721,545, as against $110,103,537 in November, 1891. Imports aggregated $73,220,169 in value, as against $64,890,507 last year. The excess in the value of the merchandise exported last month, therefore, was $24,501,376, as compared with an excess of $45,213,030 in the corresponding month last year. In five months of the current fiscal year, however, the value of the merchandise imported has exceeded that of the merchandise exported by $1,279,430, while in the like period in 1891 there was an excess in the value of the exports amounting to $104,963,491. Between June 30 and November 30 of the present year this country exported $14,208,379 more gold than it imported, while in the corresponding five months of the previous fiscal year there was an excess in the imports of gold amounting to $27,273,319.

IT is probable that within the next ten days or so the strike of the river miners at Pittsburg will cease to exist. The strike against the acceptance of a 3-cent, rate, as proposed by the operators, has now been on for a period of two months or more and at least 7,000 men have been directly implicated. Of this number many were fortunate enough to secure work at the railroad pits, but there were others who since its inauguration haven't earned a penny.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON D. C., Dec. 16, 1892. Speaker Crisp's mail has been unusually large this week, owing to the unfortunate occurrence at the banquet of the New York Club, but he still maintains the dignified position he has occupied from the first. He has made no complaint and will make none; and neither he nor his friends have ever even for a moment entertained the belief that President-elect Cleveland had any other connection with the banquet than that of the chief guest of honor. As usual, the Republicans have tried to make mountains out of mole hills, and to make it appear that the Democratic party was already divided into two great factions, with the President-elect at the head of one and the Speaker of the House at the head of the other. It is the wish to see the Democratic party divided that is father to the false statement.

Almost a sensation was created in the House, when the army appropriation bill which was passed this week, was taken up for consideration, by an amendment proposed by Representative Anthony, of Texas, providing that no payment of salary should be made from the appropriation to any person receiving a pension or allowance from the Government.

There is a bare possibility that the silver question may be taken up in the House this session, but is not very probable. The subject was discussed at a meeting of the House coinage committee this week, and in response to a proposition that the House be given an opportunity to vote on the bill proposing the repeal of the Sherman silver law, Mr. Bland said he was perfectly willing, provided that it be offered as an amendment to his free coinage bill, now on the calender, and that afterwards the House be given an opportunity to vote on that measure. The committee will consider this proposition further at its next meeting.

Senator Vest's resolution providing for a commission to negotiate an agreement with the five civilized tribes of Indians for them to take up land in severality and sell the remainder to the Government so that it might be opened for settlement has been the basis of some interesting talk in the Senate, showing that while there are differences of opinion as to just how they shall be abolished there is practical unanimity in the belief that the present separate and Independent government maintained by those Indians must give way to a Territorial government. The Senators express themselves as wishing that the logic of the situation will so impress itself upon the Indians that they will themselves see the wisdom of a change, and there are some who are ready to support a movement towards forcing a change, without regard to the wishes of the Indians.

The investigation of the present condition of the Treasury and the probable future revenues of the Government under existing laws, which the House has authorized the committee on Ways and Means to make, will not begin until after the first of the year, as the committee has decided that it will save time and give a better basis to compute from to take their figures at the close of business on December 31, which ends the first half of the fiscal year. Meanwhile, members of the committee are hard at work to get themselves thoroughly posted in the matters with which the investigation will deal. Secretary Foster has informed the House committee on Appropriations that there will surely be an available balance of as much as $20,000,000 in the Treasury at the close of the current fiscal year.

Senator Daniel has offered a resolution instructing the civil service commission to publish a pamphlet giving in detail the offices in each department that are in the classified service and those outside of it; also a statement showing which states already have their full quota of Federal office-holders, and the number required to make up the quota of those which haven't their share. It is not probable that the Republican Senators will allow the resolution to go through, but if the information asked for was in print it would be a mighty useful document to those Democrats who have a hankering to get on Uncle Sam's payroll.

Notwithstanding the meanness of the close of this administration, Mr. Harrison finds no difficulty in getting Republicans to accept appointment to office. Perhaps it is because they think that Republicans in prominent offices are to be very scarce for a generation to come that they are willing to accept office now, even when they know that they can only retain them for a few months.

The anti-option bill is slowly dragging along in the Senate. There are daily speeches on it, but it has been so much discussed that it is hard to say anything new about it.

A bill to increase the tax on whiskey from 90 cents to $1.25 a gallon has been introduced in the House. M.

It Looks Suspicious.

BELLEFONTE, December 17.—Last evening between 10 and 11 o'clock Mrs. Pearl, who lives over Baur & Co.'s store on Allegheny street, was alarmed by the smell of smoke and going to the rear window she saw a man crouching against the wall near a fire which was starting in the rear of Baur's store. She called and asked him what he was doing and he answered her by saying, "go away from me, woman." Mrs. Pearl then rushed out into the street and called an officer, who, in company with Mr. Nicholas Baur and his son, John, went around and arrested the man, who proved to be Furst Crider, a young man about 23, a student at one of our best schools, connected with some of the best families in town and quite well off. What his motive was for starting the fire no one can understand. He was evidently under the influence of liquor when arrested and gave as his reason for coming in there that some fellows were after him to whip him and that he came in there to hide. He denied having set the fire and said he had not noticed it. He was lodged in jail and at this writing had not been given a hearing. The fire was extinguished without any damage being done.

Burning Thirty-five Years.

POTTSVILLE, Dec. 17.—Within two miles of this place, at Wadesville, many hundred feet below the surface, there is a fire that for thirty-five years has balked all efforts to subdue it. This fire which started in the old Wadesville shaft in 1858, in the Mammoth vein, has been burning since that time in a westerly direction, and has already covered a distance of about two miles, and as the Philadelphia & Reading Company's Beachwood colliery, at Mt. Laffee, works the same vein in an easterly direction, fears are entertained for the safety of the miners. With a view of trying to stay further progress of the fire, the Reading Company has put a force of men at work to cut off draft from the burning mine.

DURING the past two weeks many valuable tracts of coal land south of Fairchance, Fayette county, have been sold. The aggregate consideration named in the deeds is about $5,000,000.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Poisoned a Boy.

A sensation is promised over the death of 4-year-old Joseph Guthrie at Pasadena, Cal., last week. Four years ago the boy's father, John Guthrie, Sr., died at his home four miles east of Latrobe, leaving to the child a fortune of $50,000, which was to revert to the widow in case the son died before reaching maturity.

Two years ago the widow began receiving attentions from a suitor, though it is said she cared nothing for him. Shortly after the boy was taken ill with symtoms of poisoning, but as he soon recovered little was said about it.

In March of this year Mrs. Guthrie removed to Latrobe, where the boy was again prostrated with the same symptoms. Dr. H. W. Hertrot, of McKeesport and the other physicians who were called agreed that the boy had been poisoned.

After he had partly recovered he told his mother and others that the man who came to the house to see her had given him some stuff that was "good for a cold," but which burned his throat when he drank it. Mrs. Guthrie refused to receive the man thereafter.

The poison had so deranged the boy's system that, upon the advice of physicians, his mother took him to Canada and subsequently to Pasedena, Cal., where he died Dec. 17. His remains were brought to McKeesport and laid to rest on Saturday. It is said the California physicians held a post-mortem examination over the remains, the result of which is not yet known. The family think that the evidence in the case is far too strong to be called suspicion, and will at once institute legal investigations to inquire into the cause of death.

Forest City In a Hole.

HONESDALE, Dec. 18.—Ten years ago anthracite coal was discovered in Lackawanna. A town soon grew up in the wilderness and was called Forest City. The place has become one of the largest and most important towns in the valley. The new coal field is on the borders of Wayne, Lackawanna and Susquehanna counties, and Forest City was supposed to be in the latter county. Taxes have been levied and paid by the city to Susquehanna county ever since it came into existence, and the county has been represented in the Legislature by a citizen of Forest City.

The growing importance of the town has increased the wealth and importance of Susquehanna county correspondingly, but now the claim is made by Lackawanna county that the city is not in Susquehanna at all, but in Lackawanna and preliminary surveys indicate that the claim is correct. It is now admitted by Susquehanna, however, and the case will have to go into the courts before Forest City may know which county she is in.

Seven Men Shot Dead.

CHEYENNE, WYO., Dec. 20—Meager particulars have reached here by rail of the killing of seven persons in the Big Horn basin a few days ago. The basin is near the Yellowstone park and almost inaccessible from the south during the winter. Hyattiville, the scene of the trouble, is 15 miles from the railroad.

Bill Nutcher and Jim Huff went into the basin to arrest some cattle thieves. Nutcher is himself now under bonds on charge of horse stealing in Fremont county, while Huff is said to be a Deputy United States Marshal. It is said these men came across three alleged cattle thieves. The encounter was desperate from the very start, being maintained with Winchesters and six shooters. Upon its conclusion not only the cattle thieves, but the officers lay dead on the open prairie, everybody completely riddled with bullets. The names of the cattle thieves have not been received here.

Revolt of Yaqui Indians.

DEMING, N. M., 18.—Yaqui Indians and ignorant Mexicans in the state of Chihuahua, Mexico, have abandoned their homes and taken refuge in a stronghold in he Sierre Madre mountains. The trouble arises from sympathy for the Temochians, who were swept out of existence by the Federal troops, and the fear of a like fate for themselves. The discontent has been created into religious fanaticism by a beautiful young girl named Anita, whom they worship, and who urges them to revolt against Diaz as the only means of salvation. More than 800 troops, under General Rangel, will march to the scene as soon as the mountain roads are passable, and endeavor to crush the rebellion. The Yaqui revolts heretofore have been very disastrous. More than 200 ignorant Mexicans are reported to have joined the Yaquis.

One Thing at a Time.

Washingtoh, Dec. 19.—A bill was introduced in the House to day by Mr. Anthony, of Texas providing that no person receiving pay in the naval or military service of the the United States whether as commissioned or non-commissioned officer, enlisted man or civilian employees or as a retiring officer or enlisted man, shall not receive any pay whatever from the government for any other service. The bill provides, however, that retired officers and men who do not receive from the government more than $300 per anum may be employed by the government in offices where the pay does not exceed $725 a year, and if an officer or man accepts a position under the government where the compensation is greater than this, he is to resign as a retired officer.

A Squaw Hanged by the Thumbs.

DENVER, Dec. 19.—There is considerable excitement at the Indian village near here over the thumb-hanging of an old squaw by the Governor of the village. The squaw, it is claimed, had conjured the whole tribe with her witchery and one week ago the Governor ordered that she be taken and hung up by the thumbs for evils that had come from her black art. She was cut down in opposition to the commands of the Governor. He ordered the men who cut her down arrested, but the offenders had armed themselves and threatened resistance.

A conflict was only averted Saturday by the Governor promising not to again hang the old woman. A troop of cavalry has been ordered to the scene from Wingate.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—About 2,000 loaded coal cars stand upon the Reading's track in the vicinity of Palo Alto.

—Twenty-five horsemen of near Reading and 20 hounds chased a fox 20 miles but didn't get him.

—A calf born in Washington township, Snyder county, has three eyes, three nostrils and three horns.

Happy and content is a home with "The Rochester," a lamp with the light of the morning. Catalogues, write Rochester Lamp Co., New York.

—There are in Pennsylvania eighty-four banks, seventy-five trust companies and sixteen savings fund associations, a total of 175.

—Among the costly things in the sultan's treasure house at Constantinople are children's cradles of pure gold, inlaid with precious stones and divans covered with cloth of gold, embroidered with pearls.

—Earnest F. Eckert, confidential clerk for H. B. Rae & Co., pork packers, Pittsburg, was arrested on Saturday charged with embezzlement of from $10,000 to $20,000. The thefts are said to extend over a period of more than five years.

Because John Searles, aged 20 years, of Stevens' Mill, would not believe the wild tales of personal adventure in the West told by Peter Ahens, a Texan aged 34 years, the latter stabbed Searles and the victim now lies dying at his home.

—Winter was wedded to May Friday when Nathan Fawcett, a wealthy farmer, of West Chester, Pa., aged 85 years, led to the altar Miss Sadie Sharp, who is not yet 30. The lovers had kept their intentions a secret and the friends of both were astonished.

—A fight occurred in the state penitentiary at Jackson, Mich., between a convict and one of the keepers. A ring was formed and the two men fought to a finish. The keeper was whipped. The other convicts baffled all attempts of the authorities to into thering.

—The New York legislative committee that investigated the Reading railroad combine will recommend the annulment of the franchise of the Lehigh Valley railroad and other roads operating in New York that have been leased to the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western.

—The fact that of the 7029 persons who were killed on the steam railroads of this country during the past year, no less than 2660 were railway employes shows the perils attaching to that occupation. The fatalities to passengers, on the other hand, numbered only 536 which is a very small percentage of the 531,185,988 who were carried during the twelve months.

—A Bellaire, Ohio, special says: The Belmont coal mines in the southern part of this city were set on fire Monday morning, the timbers being saturated with coal oil. The fire is still raging. It is supposed that several tramps are entombed. The loss will reach $40,000. The flames cannot be suppressed without much work.

—Frederick McGuire, who murdered Mrs. Amelia Gregory near Middletown, N. Y., on October 14, 1891, to steal $130 from her home, was successfully electrocuted at Sing Sing on Monday. By request of his mother he left a full confession saying that a female friend named Sarah Brown urged him to comit the crime.

—The Cooley juries at Uniontown on Saturday acquitted the father, Lute Cooley, found the mother and two daughters guilty on six of seven counts, and the son Russel guilty on four of the seven counts. Lida Pastorius, the common law wife of the dead outlaw, Frank Cooley, was found guilty on one charge and acquitted on another, while John H. Pastorius was convicted on a single charge. All the indictments were for receiving stolen goods.

—Robert Beatty, who is charged with complicity in the plot to poison the Homestead men at the Carnegie mills, had a hearing before Alderman McMasters in in Pittsburg on Saturday and was held in $5,000 bail for court on the two informations against him. The evidence leaves no doubt of the existence of a plot to poison the Homestead workmen, but the drugs were administered, it is said, to make the men sick and thus break up the strike.

—Celia Boyd, a nineteen-year-old girl of Kittanning, Pa., is in jail charged with murder. On Sunday morning she went to her aunt, Mrs. Philip Boyd, and said she wanted to get a revolver to shoot any man who followed her. Mrs. Boyd's son John had one to sell. It was shown Celia, who at once put it to use. She snapped it three times; the fourth time it was discharged, the bullet striking her aunt in the temple. Mrs. Boyd dying in twenty minutes. The girl said she believed the pistol to be empty, and that the shooting was purely accidental. John Boyd, the son, intimated that the shooting was not accidental.

Miscellaneous Notices.

DID you see the fine selection of Imported China or Glassware, suitable for Christmas presents at Carl Rivinius'?

Drunkenness or the Liquor Habit Positively Cured by Administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the Specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor appetite to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., aug19.1y. 185 Race St., Cincinnati, O.

DON'T split your head about what to buy your friends for Christmas presents. Go to Carl Rivinius' and you will find all you want.

IF you are wanting Books, Stationary, Booklets, Dolls, Games, Toys, Novelties, School Supplies, Rubber Boots or Shoes, etc., etc., you can have your wants supplied by a visit to C. T. Roberts' store, Ebensburg. Although an old established one, it is always of the times and always well filled with goods of all kinds. An exchange library has been started at this store, where for just 10 cents you can rent most any book you want to read. Any book or anything else not in stock procured for you at once. Everything sold at lowest prices. Give us a call and see for yourself. You never saw such a large and elegant stock in Ebensburg.

THE finest selection of Rings for your sweethearts at Carl Rivinius'.

LOST DOG!—Lost or stolen in Ebensburg on Tuesday, December 20th, a Scotch collie bitch, answers to the name of Flora; black, with tan legs and tan over eyes; ears carried straight. Parties giving information leading to the return of the dog will be suitably rewarded. EVAN WETHERSON Dec. 23, 1892. Spangler, Pa.

THE most suitable presents for your parents, brothers, sisters, uncles, aunts, children or sweethearts you can find at Carl Rivinius'.

NOTICE.—The quarterly meeting of the Farmers' Alliance of Cambria county will be held in Ebensburg on Saturday, January 7, 1893, at 10 o'clock, a. m. A large attendance is desired as business of importance will come before the meeting. The public cordially invited to attend. IRA BLOOM, J. J. KAYLOR, Secretary. President

A CAR LOAD of Barb Wire cheap at Dutton & Son's.

YOU can find a nice selection of Watches, suitable for your friends at Carl Rivinius'.



JAMES R. WAITE,

Manager of Waite's Celebrated Comedy Co, Premium Band and Orchestra.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

You will remember the condition I was in five years ago, when I was afflicted with a combination of diseases, and thought there was NO HELP FOR ME. I tried all kinds of medicines, and scores of eminent physicians. My nerves were prostrated, producing dizziness, heart trouble and all the ills that make life miserable. I commenced to take **DR. MILES' NERVINE** and in three months I WAS PERFECTLY CURED. In my travels each year, when I see the thousands of physical wrecks, suffering from nervous prostration, taking prescriptions from **HAS** local physicians who have no knowledge of their case, and whose death is certain, I feel like going to them and saying, "GET DR. MILES' NERVINE AND BE CURED." In my profession, where there are so many sufferers from overwork, mental prostration and nervous exhaustion, brought on by the character of the business engaged in, I would recommend **"MILES' NERVINE"** **THOUSANDS** as a sure cure for all suffering from these causes. JAMES R. WAITE.

Sold on a Positive Guarantee. **DR. MILES' PILLS, 50 DOSES 25 CTS.**

SOLD BY DR. T. J. DAVISON, EBENSBURG.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating. Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion, Stores Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA Co., 39 W. 45th St., N.Y.

Cures Constipation

R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.

ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accomodation will be extended.

Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully, JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE OF THE EBENSburg & Cresson Branch Railroad. In effect December 26, 1891.

Connections at Cresson.

WEST.	EAST.
Oyster Exp. 2 55 a m	Harrisburg Ac. 9 23 a m
Western Exp. 4 45 a m	Seashore Exp. 6 30 a m
Johnstown Exp. 8 24 a m	Mail 9 38 a m
Pacific Exp. 8 45 a m	Day Exp. 11 04 a m
Mail 4 28 p m	Altoona Exp. 1 00 p m
Way Pass. 2 36 p m	Mail Exp. 5 17 p m
	Phila Exp. 8 12 p m

SOUTHWARD.

	Distance.	No. 1. A M	No. 2. A M	No. 3 P M.
Ebensburg		7 40	10 25	3 25
Bradley	3 0	7 50	10 31	3 44
Kaylor	4 8	7 56	10 35	3 50
Noel	6 1	8 01	10 58	3 55
Munster	7 3	8 06	10 41	4 00
Lucket	9 6	8 14	10 45	4 08
Cresson	11 3	8 20	10 50	4 15

NORTHWARD.

	Distance.	No. 1. A M	No. 2. A M	No. 3. P M.
Cresson		9 30	11 10	5 20
Lucket	1 7	9 35	11 20	5 30
Munster	3 8	9 40	11 24	5 37
Noel	5 3	9 44	11 35	5 43
Kaylor	6 5	9 47	11 41	5 48
Bradley	8 3	9 52	11 47	5 57
Ebensburg	11 3	10 10	12 01	6 10

Bradley, Noel and Lucket are Flag Stations. No trains on Sunday.

LILLY

BANKING : CO.,

LILLY, PA.,

JNO. B. MULLEN, - - - CASHIER.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

FIRE, LIFE, AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE.

ALL THE PRINCIPAL STEAMSHIP LINES REPRESENTED BY US.

Accounts of merchants, farmers and others earnestly solicited, assuring our patrons that all business entrusted to us will receive prompt and careful attention, and be held strictly confidential. Customers will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

LILLY BANKING CO., feb500. Lilly, Penna

To Investors.

WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Mortgage securities on the Cash or Monthly Payment plan and which will net you twenty per cent. on your money? For particulars call on or address H. A. ENGLEHART, Aug. 5, 1892. Ebensburg, Pa.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary have this day been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Cambria county upon the estate of Joseph Tomlison, late of Allegheny township, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenicated for settlement.

CATHARINE TOMILSON, Executrix.
JOHN E. TOMILSON, Executor.
Oct. 10, 1892.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOEICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Cornelius Dever, late of the township of Munster, county of Cambria and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to me, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenicated for settlement. MRS. ELLEN DEVER, Administratrix of Cornelius Dever, deceased. Nov. 18, 18, 1892.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent

EBENSBURG, PA.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., and will be confirmed by said court on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1893, unless cause be shown to the contrary:

The first and final account of Mathiat Reade, executor of George M. Reade, deceased, who was assignee of John Q. Kaylor.

Dec. 16, 1892. J. C. DARBY, Prothonotary.

GREAT REDUCTION

—IN—

Winter Clothing!

—AT—

J. B. WILBER'S,

EBENSBURG.

To make room for my Spring Stock, which will be the Largest ever shown in Northern Cambria County.

MEN'S SUITINGS, FORMER PRICE				$20.00	NOW $18.00
"	"	"	"	18.00	" 16.00
"	"	"	"	15.00	" 13.50
"	"	"	"	14.00	" 12.50
"	"	"	"	12.50	" 10.00
"	"	"	"	10.00	" 8.50
"	"	"	"	9.00	" 8.00
"	"	"	"	6.50	" 5.00
"	"	"	"	4.50	" 3.75

Boys' and Children's

HEAVY - CLOTHING

in the same proportion.

Heavy Overcoats at almost any price. Now is the time to buy. Come one, come all and see for yourselves.

J. B. WILBER

WOOLF'S

GREAT OFFER

In addition to offering the Best Clothing in Johnstown at the Lowest Prices, WOOLF'S have prepared a delightful surprise for their thousands of patrons. To show our appreciation to the friends who patronize us every fall and to gain new customers, we availed ourselves of a great opportunity for making WOOLF'S CLOTHING still most attractive.

With Every Sale Amounting to $5.00 or More We Will Give FREE a Handsomely Framed Steel Engraving, Size 20x24.

They are worth $2.00—at least that's what they would cost you in any Art store. We got a lot of them at a remarkably low figure and we are going to let our old and new friends have them free of cost. The Frames come in Oak, and White and Gold, and are handsome enough to ornament any room in anyone's house. Besides these you may have your choice of a handsome Plush Longfellow Album. Keep your eye open for our Big Holiday Ament.

WOOLF'S,

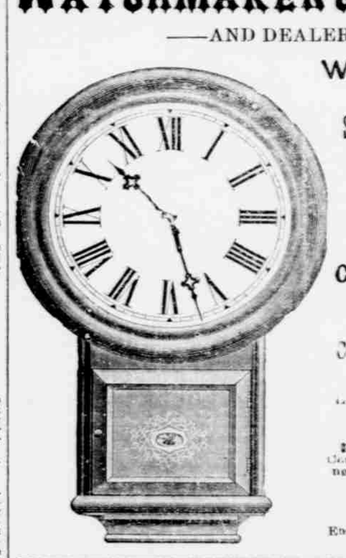
THE LEADERS.

CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



Watches, Clocks

—JEWELRY,—

Silverware, Musical Instruments

—AND—

Optical Goods.

Sole Agent

—FOR THE—

Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches. In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KIND of JEWELRY always on hand.

My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

CARL RIVINIUS

Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885-tf.

FALL SEASON,

1892!

The Fall and Winter season of 1892 promises to be one of the best seasons we have ever had. We have heretofore carried the Largest and Finest Stock in Northern Cambria, and with the expectation of a good fall season, we have more than doubled our stock. We are now prepared to show you the Finest assortment of

CLOTHING, OVERCOATS AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS

in the county and give you the LOWEST PRICES in the state. Our stock needs to be seen to be appreciated. Call and see us and we will save you money.

C. A. SHARBAUGH,

CARROLLTOWN, - - - PA.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - DECEMBER 23, 1892.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

[illegible] the days are getting longer [illegible] nights shorter.

[illegible] in the cellar, covered over [illegible] will not freeze.

[illegible] E. J. Free, of Amsbry, was in town [illegible] on Saturday.

[illegible] M. Fitzharris, of Gallitzin, was a [illegible] to our town on Thursday.

[illegible] civil cases on last week's list [illegible] until March term of court.

[illegible] Lloyd, a compositor on the Altoo[illegible], is visiting his old home in this [illegible].

[illegible] Shoemaker, who is a student [illegible] Vincent's college, is home for the [illegible].

[illegible] of Barr township held an [illegible] at the Nicktown school house on [illegible].

[illegible] Thomas Gittings, of Clearfield [illegible] spent a few hours in town on [illegible].

[illegible] Robert Ferguson, of Blacklick [illegible] spent a few hours in town on [illegible].

[illegible] Bowman, of Grapeville, Pa., is [illegible] her parents, T. W. Dick, Esq., and [illegible] at this place.

[illegible] Monday passenger trains com[illegible] making regular trips from Cresson [illegible].

[illegible] T. H. Hurst, of this place, will [illegible] take charge of the Bolton House, [illegible] on the 1st of January, next.

[illegible] T. M. Richards, wife and little [illegible] started to-day (Thursday) on a [illegible] the former's parents at Zanesville.

[illegible] W. Davison, who is attending the [illegible] Rock Normal School, is spending [illegible] vacation at his home in this [illegible].

[illegible] Johnston, son of the late Judge [illegible] who has been attending school [illegible], Md., is home to spend the [illegible].

[illegible] week is holiday week and in ac[illegible] with the custom in country print[illegible] there will be no FREEMAN is[illegible] next week.

[illegible] boiler exploded in a planing mill [illegible] on Friday morning. [illegible], single, and Levi Eichelber[illegible] married, were killed.

[illegible] Crouse, eldest son of H. J. [illegible] of this place, who has been work[illegible] Pittsburg for some time past, is [illegible] a visit to his parents.

[illegible] Simon & Co., of Gallitzin, have [illegible] ad in the FREEMAN this week that [illegible] will do well to read before [illegible] their Christmas money.

[illegible] James G. Ellis, of Johnstown, in[illegible] building a new opera house in that [illegible] the corner of Locust and Franklin [illegible] that will seat fifteen hundred peo[illegible].

[illegible] Friday night of last week thieves [illegible] the residence of Father Kerner, [illegible] of the Catholic church at Indi[illegible] stole a good suit of clothes and [illegible] money.

[illegible] Fitzgerald Comedy Company ap[illegible] at the Opera House in this place on [illegible] Tuesday and Wednesday even[illegible] on account of the weather the [illegible] was not as large as was ex[illegible].

[illegible] J. B. Wilber, Ebensburg's clothier, has [illegible] "ad" in the FREEMAN this week that [illegible] catch the eye of those who are about [illegible] clothing. Read the "ad" and [illegible] Mr. Wilber's store and see for [illegible].

[illegible] Democrats of Johnstown on Mon[illegible] nominated the following tick[illegible] Mayor, Geo. W. Wagoner; controller, [illegible]; treasurer, George Keiper; [illegible] John Holdfelter, August Mayer [illegible] Confer.

[illegible] Centre county commissioners have [illegible] a meeting of the county auditors on [illegible] to inform them their duties [illegible] new ballot law, one of which is [illegible] for the township election at the [illegible] of the county.

[illegible] two-year-old son of Mr. Fred [illegible], of Jackson township, died sud[illegible] on Saturday. The little boy was in [illegible] good health and sleeping, but [illegible] the parents went to the bed they [illegible] him lying dead.

[illegible] Joseph N. DuBarry, second vice pres[illegible] of the Pennsylvania Railroad Com[illegible], died at his residence in Philadel[illegible] on Saturday of heart disease. He be[illegible] career on the road as a rodman [illegible] engineer corps.

[illegible] new siding is being laid between [illegible] and Lilly on the Pennsylvania [illegible]. The new siding is to be two and [illegible] miles long, and is to be used by [illegible] east-bound freights to lie on while [illegible] on passenger trains.

[illegible] hearing in the case of Mrs. Kate [illegible], charged with administering pois[illegible] her husband and causing his death, [illegible] on Tuesday, and resulted [illegible] woman being held for trial at the [illegible] term of court at Greensburg.

[illegible] has been entered in the United [illegible] court at Pittsburg against [illegible] South Fork Fishing Club by James [illegible] and wife, of Youngstown, O., in [illegible] of Mrs. Jenkins for $25,000 dam[illegible] injuries received in the Johns[illegible] flood.

[illegible] well-known citizen of Barr town[illegible] office on Wednesday and [illegible] of the election contests for the [illegible] of Register and Coroner, said the [illegible] made in regard to Barr town[illegible] and manufactured out of [illegible] cloth.

[illegible] Custer, a young man from [illegible], will spend his Christmas in [illegible] of driving through a toll[illegible] taking the precaution to pay [illegible] Alderman Harris, of that city, sen[illegible] to pay a fine of $5 and costs, [illegible] days in jail for his fun.

[illegible] Wednesday of last week Howard [illegible] seven, son of R. M. Rager, [illegible] at the Millwood shaft, while on [illegible] home from school attempted to [illegible] on a passing freight train for the [illegible] of taking a ride, and was thrown [illegible] the wheels and crushed to death.

[illegible] 9 and 10 on Tuesday morning [illegible] in a room of the house of [illegible] in Altoona were discovered [illegible]. Members of the family soon [illegible] the flames and no serious [illegible] resulted. Some of the children [illegible] playing and ignited the curtains.

[illegible] under obligations to Landlord [illegible] of the Blair House, who on Thurs[illegible] sent around a plump fat tur[illegible] dropped it into our coop. Printers [illegible] accustomed to high living, but if [illegible] dine on turkey on Christmas it [illegible] account of being unable to get [illegible] to buy the stuffing.

[illegible] township and borough auditors [illegible] studying up the Baker ballot [illegible] order to become familiar with their [illegible] procuring tickets for the Spring [illegible]. The early bird catches the [illegible] and the township auditors who get [illegible] orders for tickets in early will have [illegible] satisfaction of getting their tickets [illegible].

—Among those who applied to the relief committee having in charge the distribution of money and provisions for the suffering people of Homestead, was an Irish woman who wanted a parlor organ. When told that the committee was not dispensing musical instruments, she refused to take anything else and left in high dudgeon.

—A deer, partially white has been seen several times, by different parties, in Blacklick township this winter, but it always managed to keep out of harm's way. It is said to be perfectly white in front, past the shoulders and to the middle of the body where the regulation deer color commences and covers the back part of the body.

—The Philadelphia *Record* almanac for 1893 has been received at our office and like its predecessors is a little gem. As a book of reference it is one of the handiest and most complete and no person should be without it. It is neatly gotten up, has a number of fine illustrations and its whole make up goes to show that the *Record* Almanac like the *Record* itself is at the head of the list.

—In the FREEMAN's report of the sheriff's sales on the 9th inst., we by some mistake reported "the sale of the dwelling and lot of Michael Brackin, Gallitzin, as stayed by the attorney." It should have read "the dwelling and lot of James Buck," and inadvertantly we got the name of Michael Bracken, who was plaintiff instead of defendant, and in justice to Mr. Bracken, we make the correction.

—The Cresson, Clearfield & New York Short Line Railroad has been purchased by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The property and franchises of the C. & C. will be taken possession of by the new owners January 1st. The line is thirty miles in length, and extends from Cresson, Cambria county, to Irvona, Clearfield county. It has two branches running to coal mines, and traverses a country rich in coal, lumber, and mineral resources.

—John McTamany a miner, was killed on Wednesday about noon in the mines of the Lilly Coal Company at Lilly. He was engaged in what is known as extra work in company with John McCool when there was a sudden fall of slate. In this McTamany was caught and his death was almost instantaneous. He was aged forty years, was married and leaves a wife and family. This is the first fatal accident that has yet occurred in the mines named.

—On the 1st of January, Mr. D. A. McGough, the present efficient clerk to the Commissioners will resign his position to take hold of the office of Register and Recorder to which he was elected at the late election. There are several applicants for Commissioners clerk, viz: Mr. J. Kirsch, Spangler; C. A. Langbein, Ebensburg; George L. Bearer, Susquehanna township; M. J. Carroll, Johnstown; Austin P. Weakland, Gallitzin and John McCormick, Wilmore.

—John Henderson, a wayward Sunday-school teacher from Somerset county, was found lying on the street in Pittsburg on Wednesday of last week. A watch, a rusty horse-shoe, a silk stocking, and a woman's garter were found in his pocket. He said money had been entrusted to him in the interest of his Sunday-school to make arrangements for a Christmas tree. The money was gone. A city friend had been showing him the town. Next day he was sent to jail for five days.

—A fair for the purpose of raising funds for the erection of a new Catholic church in St. Augustine, Pa., will open up in the hall in that place on Monday evening December 26, under the management of Rev. J. J. Ludden pastor. All parties attending this fair will be courteously and hospitably entertained while in attendance Particular care will be taken to make it agreeable and entertaining for all those who may wish to enjoy a pleasant time. The fair will continue during the holidays.

—The following applications are on file in the commissioners' office for mercantile appraiser: John Powers, Sr, Washington township; Wallace Plummer, Summerhill borough; A. J. Skelly, Wilmore; S. J. Luther, White township; A. K. Geiselhart, Johnstown; Ossie Wilkinson, Ebensburg; Otto F. Wagner, Ebensburg; C. A. McGonigle, Lilly; Anselm Weakland, Elder township; Bernard Connelly, Wilmore; Thomas McBreen, Ebensburg; Andrew J. Leonard, Morrellville; P. P. Miller, Hastings; Thomas McKiernan, Johnstown; John J. Kearns, Johnstown; Porter R. Miller, Johnstown; Henry P. Derritt, Johnstown. The appointment will be made some time this month.

Landed in Jail.

The Johnstown *Democrat* of Tuesday says that an alleged constable, Robert Hazleton, of Walnut Grove, is in serious trouble. During court last week Hazleton went up to Ebensburg, although, it is said, he had no cases up there. It seems that while he was there, he met Miss Mattie Love with whom he fell in love. He and Mattie soon began to have a good time, although he was already a married man. Hazleton all this time explained his absence to his wife, by telling her he was in Greensburg hunting for a criminal.

A letter which Mattie had written to Hazleton however, reached his wife; and she smelling the rat, opened it and found out the state of affairs existing between her husband and Mattie. She therefore went before Alderman Harris and swore out a warrant against her husband, charging him with desertion, she also made an information against Mattie, charging her with alienating the affections of her husband.

Considerable trouble, however, was experienced in locating the parties. Hazletown and Mattie had left Ebensburg and went to Gallitzin. The were located yesterday by Constable Ike Harris and Detective Roques and brought to this city last evening.

Hazleton seems to be in much trouble lately. His office as constable has been contested by Moses Feather and Judge Barker has not yet decided which man is entitled to the office.

Hazleton and Mattie will have a trial before Alderman Harris this afternoon at 4 o'clock. The accused each entered bail in the sum of $300 to appear. On Wednesday Hazleton and Miss Love were brought to jail where they can ponder over the evil of their ways until next court when they will have to stand in the dock for trial.

Contested Election Cases.

On Monday the Allen-Stineman contested election case was argued before Judge Barker by Alvin Evans, Esq., on the part of Jacob C. Stineman, and by District Attorney O'Connor on the part of Slater W. Allen. Judge Barker reserved his decision.

In the case of S. W. Davis against D. A. McGough for the office of Register and Recorder, and John W. Hamer against George Martin for the office of Coroner, the respondents asked for a continuance of the time in which to file their answers, which was granted, the court giving them until 10 o'clock to-day (Friday) to file their answers.

No Excursion Tickets.

The Philadelphia *Record* of Tuesday says:

Both the Pennsylvania and Reading railroads have decided not to issue the usual Christmas holiday excursion tickets, and have notified their agents to that effect. The reason assigned for this step is that the returns did not warrant the extraordinary expense attending the advertising and other necessary arrangements to put the scheme into effect, and that the companies were already issuing excursion tickets between distant points good for six days, and between local points good for two days.

THE KIRSCH CASE.

The much-talked-of Kirsch poisoning case from Barr township came up for trial on Thursday afternoon of last week. After a number of challenges on both sides, the following named jurors were sworn to try the case:

James Baubaker, miner, Tunnelhill; Richard W. Johns, farmer, Barr township; William B. Gerhart, farmer, Adams township; Frederick Ribblett, farmer, Conemaugh township; Ellsworth Rowland, farmer, Blacklick township; Aaron Singer, blacksmith, Johnstown; George S. Cusic, plasterer, Morrellville; John E. Jones, farmer, Cambria township; Benjamin Roudabush, miner, Dale borough; S. M. Bumgardner, miner, Croyle township; Thomas Yonkers, laborer, Conemaugh township.

After the opening of the case by District Attorney O'Connor, Anselm Kirsch, the prosecutor, was called and testified substantially as follows:

I reside in Barr township, Cambria county; I have lived there all my life; I am about twenty years old; I lived with my mother about a mile from Nicktown; I have known the defendant—my wife—for about two years; we were married on the tenth of May of this year at Carrolltown; after being married we went to Philadelphia, and returned the Saturday afternoon of the same week; we went out on Saturday afternoon to her home and went from there to my home; she stayed with me one week and then returned home and stayed two weeks; I went out to see why she would not come back; she said she would not return until my mother signed the property over to me; my mother owns a large farm and some personal property; I took Father Rubert with me and he got her to return with me; she refused to cohabit with me in a sexual way from the 10th of May, the time we were married, until the 22nd of July, the time I got sick; she refused to occupy the same bed with me most of the time; after she got two beds in the room she refused; while we were away on our trip she occupied the same bed, but refused to cohabit in a sexual way; when we returned home we occupied the same bed that night, but she refused me sexual intercourse; she placed another bed in the room we occupied and she occupied one bed and I the other; I remonstrated with her for this action and had a conversation with her a little over a week before I got sick; I told her I would give her a week's time to make up her mind, and, after that time, would have sexual intercourse whether she wanted to or not; she didn't say whether she would or wouldn't; on the 22nd of July—that was the last day I had given her to make up her mind—I started to mow and broke the machine and I went to Carrolltown and got the piece I broke, and when I came back she got dinner for me, and she asked me to take a cup of tea; she gave me the tea and while I was eating she sat back and pretended to be reading, but I saw she was just watching me; after dinner I started up-stairs to change clothes, and felt sick going up-stairs, and sat down on the upper step; I then changed clothes and went down and went into a room and got a drink of whiskey; my mother asked me what I was doing and I told her I felt bad and took a drink of whiskey, and my wife said she felt bad too; when I went to the field I felt very sick and vomited, and then I got so sick I had to go to the house; after I went to the field, my wife took a bucket and pretended she was going for berries, but she went up and sat under an apple tree in the orchard; when I got to the house she came down and came to the house; I sent for a physician that night and in the morning I was better; I was very thirsty and drank lemonade; my sister was to see me, and when she went to go, my mother went with her to the buggy, and I asked my wife for lemonade and she went to get me some, and I tasted it and it didn't taste very good; she said it wasn't fresh; I drank it and five or ten minutes after that I got so bad I could hardly live; mother made me a drink of strong coffee and I drank that, and about 1 o'clock the doctor came; the Monday after the Friday I took sick, my wife said to me now that she could not give me anything, she would go home until I got well, and I told her to go and never come back again; after she went away, I never received a word or letter from her; I attended a picnic with my wife shortley after my return from Philadelphia at Nicktown. There was dancing there that day, and she said she didn't care to dance with me, and about five or ten minutes afterward she was dancing with another party; I don't know what became of the matter I threw up; I saw the dog eat some, and it was sick as long as I was.

Frederick Hausman, a chemist from Philadelphia, was called and testified to having examined a sample of the prosecutor's urine twenty-six days after the alleged poisoning, and found traces of arsenic.

A number of witneses were called who testified to minor points in the case.

Frank Lehmire was called who testified that he had assisted in making the arrest and had heard a conversation between the defendant and her father. Her father said: "You will have to beat him and throw him into the costs." Mrs. Kirsch said: "They ought to have Till arrested for she got the poison." The father answered: You ought to have given him a bigger dose." The defendant said: "I would if I had it to do over."

For the defense Dr. G. W. Wagoner and Dr. A N Wakefield, of Johnstown, and Dr. Davison and Dr. Jones testified to the improbability of traces of arsenic remaining in the urine for twenty-six days.

The defendant, Mrs. Maggie Kirsch, was called and detailed the account of the marriage, wedding trip, return, and different trips back and forward from her former home to Kirsch's; her testimony on those points was identical with the testimony of the other witnesses; she gave the same reasons for not wishing the marriage to be consumated, and rather clung to the statement that the arrangement made on the wedding trip was understood by both parties to be permanent. To this, she admitted, her husband had objected, and claimed he did not so understand it. She accounted for her demand to have the property in her husband's name by stating that he had told her it was all his; that he would have to pay only $1,400 to his mother for the personal property; she and the old lady did not agree about the manner of housekeeping, and she wanted to pay the money at once and have the say-so about the house; the attempted poisoning she denied point blank; denied ever having any poison about, or that any had ever been purchased for her; she denied ever having said what Frank Lehmyer alleged; she was positively sure she never said any such thing; she had jocularly remarked that they couldn't do worse than hang her. On the evening of the 4th of July her husband said he had a big notion to shoot himself. She wanted the property to be in his name so she could run the house herself. On cross-examination she held firmly to every point in the direct evidence.

Mrs. Kirsch's sisters, Tillie, Jennie and Mary Cain were called and testified to being present at the time of the arrest of Mrs. Kirsch and that they heard no such conversation as testified to by Frank Lehmire.

The case went to the jury at 3 o'clock on Friday afternoon. On Saturday morning at the calling of the court the jury filed into the room and delivered a verdict of guilty and recommended the defendant to the mercy of the court. The attorneys for the defendant made a motion for a new trial which will be heard at argument court.

Personally-Conducted Tours.

That the American people are becoming a race of travelers is evident from the complete and choice arrangement of pleasure tours which is set before them by the Pennsylvania railroad company for the season of 1893. First comes a series to the Golden Gate, leaving New York, Philadelphia and Harrisburg on February 8th, March 2nd and 29th, 1893. Tourists will travel by superbly-appointed special trains of Pullman drawing-room, sleeping, dining, smoking and observation cars, under the supervision of a tourist agent and chaperon.

Then follows a series of five to Jacksonville—January 31st, February 14th and 28th, March 14th and 28th, 1893. The first four admit of two whole weeks in the sunny South, while tickets for the fifth tour are good to return by regular trains until May 30th, 1893. The round-trip rate is but $50 from New York and $48 from Philadelphia, and proportionately low rates from other stations.

A series to Washington, D. C., leave December 15th and 29th, 1892; January 29th, February 9th, March 23rd, April 13th, and May 4th and 25th, 1893. Each tour covers a period of three days, and rate includes all necessary traveling expenses and board at the national capital.

Last of all, the Pennsylvania railroad company announces that it, during the month of August, 1893, the date to be definitely announced later, proposes running a distinct tour to the Yellowstone National Park. It will be conducted on the same general principles, and maintained at that high standard manifested on all the Pennsylvania railroad company's personally conducted tours.

Carefully prepared itineraries as well as detailed information may be procured by addressing Mr. Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant Passenger Agent.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, December 21, 1892:

Harvey N. Stiffler, Coopersdale, and Lizzie M. Cardiff, West Taylor township.

Robert M. Luther, Scalp Level, and Ella H. Weaver, Richland township.

Ratio Wilson and Annie Dubbs, Morrellville.

McClellan Scritchfield and Mary S. Berkebile, Johnstown.

Watson W. Grumbling, Morrellville, and Sarah Findley, Rosedade.

Peter Thomas and Mary A. Allison, Johnstown.

David G. Knepper and Harriet Hobson, Croyle township.

Charles H. Collins, East Liberty, Pa., and Annie B. Thompson, Cambria Co.

James A. Edwards, Johnstown, and Annie M. Folsom, Pittsburg.

Fredrick D. Jenks and Mira D. Culver, Ehrenfeld.

Robert J. Wissinger and Rosie Thomas, Conemaugh.

William Nichols and Lina Ruhl, Philadelphia.

A. M. Custer and Annie Young, Johnstown.

Charles Wulff and Sadie Koozer, Hastings.

Edmond Blackburn and Emma Jones, Johnstown.

Clarence Charles, Hastings, and Ida E. Kelly, Carrolltown.

John Suver and Mary A. Reynolds, Johnstown.

Skipped His Board Bill.

On Monday, December 12th, Harry Miller, who registered as being from Clearfield, arrived in town driving two bay mares hitched to a buggy. He put up at the Central Hotel where he gave out that his business was selling silverware, although while in town he made no effort to sell any.

On Saturday he traded a horse, harness and buggy to Messrs. Brown, Kimball and Apel, the liverymen, getting in exchange a horse, harness and cart. On Monday he sold the horse, harness and cart he got from Messrs. Brown, Kimball & Apel to Mr. Joseph Dunmire of Cambria township, and on the same day he traded his other horse, harness and robe to Harry Robb for a gold watch. On Tuesday morning he did not turn up for breakfast but Landlord Brown thought nothing of his absence and supposed that he was out with some of the liverymen looking at some horses. At noon, however, Mr. Brown learned that his slick customer had taken his departure on the early train and on his arrival at Cresson had purchased a ticket for Philadelphia. Miller is about thirty years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches in height, with dark hair and heavy dark moustache. He had plenty of money having exhibited while here four $100 bills.

The "Musical Monthly."

When we received from Richard A. Saalfield, 794, 796 and 798 Tenth avenue, New York, the first number of this New York Musical Monthly we were staggered. How any publisher can afford to give so much for so little surprised us. We all know what music costs, but here was a publication of 32 pages of music, large size, large print, equal in every respect to high priced music, which he offered to the public at 15 cents per copy, or, $1.50 per pear, cost paid. But his Christmas number embarrases us. His other numbers contain 32 pages of music; but this number contains 56 pages and 19 different pieces of music.

The cover of the Christmas number alone is a work of art, being printed in four colors.

This monthly is printed on elegant paper, and we can hardly say enough for it. Our subscribers would do well to send 15 cents for a sample copy, or, better still $1.50 for a yearly subscription to the publisher.

The Use and Abuse of Whiskey.

This subject could be dwelt upon to a considerable length and yet much remain untold, but all agree that the use, the proper use of pure rye whiskey is an absolute necessity, especially so now, when nature insists upon being stimulated. All regular physicians prescribe rye whiskey, and justly claim that Klein's Silver Age and Duquesne Whiskies are most reliable. They do this not only because they have tried them, but because the leading hospitals use them—find them the best stimulants in the world. Silver age sells for $1.50 and Duquesne for $1.25 per full quart.

For sale by J. Ludwig & Son, Johnstown.

—The mails are crowded with Christmas presents. Great care should be used in packing them, as they are placed in a big leather pouch filled to the top, and it is often opened and tossed about. Thousands of packages are so badly prepared that they fall to pieces while being handled in the postoffice and before going out of the cities. Parcels which are not fully prepaid are charged extra before being delivered. The postage on merchandise is one cent an ounce, and no parcel will be received weighing more than four pounds.

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS.
Notice is hereby given that the annual election of Directors of the Protection Mutual Fire Insurance Company will be held at the office of the Secretary in Ebensburg, Pa., on MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1893, between the hours of 10 A. M., and 2 P. M.
T. W. DICK,
Dec. 9, 1892. Secretary.

PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned will sell at Private Sale in Lily borough, Cambria county, Pa., his Hotel, with Brewery attached; Two Ice Houses, Stable, and all necessary Outbuildings on the premises. The House is licensed now. For further particulars call on or address the proprietor, THEODORE SELL.
Lily, Pa., Oct 24, 1892.

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Armory Building, opp. Court House.

BALTZELLS'

IN the perfume booth we notice a line of Fancy Plush Work Boxes, filled with all necessary implements at $1.25 to $2.74.

Wood with Plush tops and Satin linings, metal corners, $2.20 and $2.50. Manicure sets in Plush boxes, celluloid handles, $1.86 to 3.50.

Opposite in the Book department is a very large and attractive supply of Books, Calendars and Booklets, books for grown people and children at surprisingly low prices. In picture books there is "Funny Japs and Other Stories," large, illustrated and well bound, only 22c. Our Feather Friends, very attractive, only 15c. Wonderful Stories of Old, 15c Good Cheer delightful stories and poems at the same prices, show what the stock is like. Then there fancy books very natural and realistic indeed at 19c., that will delight the little people, piles of them to select from. Then there is a very large selection of books for grown people, such as Talmage's Crumbs Swept Up, Barnum's How to Make Money, Winning Solid Wealth, by Edwards Todd, in Cloth and Gold, at 74c.

A few of the many. The Christmas Cards and Booklets are new in variety and wonderfully pretty. Nothing nicer for presents and cost but a trifle, 12½ to 50c.

Woodworth's choice Perfumes at 29c. an ounce in a handsome bottle at 19c., 23c. 25c., would be a nice and acceptible gift to a young lady.

An Umbrella is always en regele for gifts to either sex. They are going right along but have still some choice styles. For men there are ivory sticks, best grade of silk, $9.

BALTZELLS',
Altoona.

B. & B.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

We have made immense purchases—many FORTUNATE PURCHASES from UNFORTUNATE IMPORTERS—whereby we are enabled to put prices on certain lines so much below real value as to surprise the most conservative buyers! Enough saved on articles selected from any Department to PAY RAILROAD FARE if you should come some distance.

Largest Stock of
ART NOVELTIES
We've ever shown.

Also,
SILKS, DRESS GOODS,
VELVETS, FURS,
ALASKA SEAL GARMENTS,
LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' WRAPS.
SUITS,
UNDERWEAR,
GLOVES, HOSIERY,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
SILK MUFFLERS,
NECK LINGERIE,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

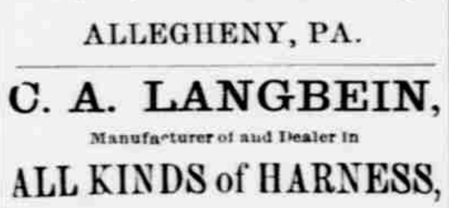
JEWELRY in Sterling Silver, Solid Gold and Rolled Plate, Stick Pins, Scarf Pins, Hair Pins, Cuff Buttons, Rings, Thimbles, Watch Chains, Gold Pins, Napkin Rings, Books, Games, Dolls.

Every requirement for the HOLIDAY TRADE is here found at prices that won't admit of competition.

A Special in DRESS GOODS is NEW BLACK AND NAVY BEDFORD CORDS. We had opportunity to buy at just half value and as a SPECIAL XMAS offering, these Elegant
$2.50 GOODS GO AT (52 inches wide,) $1 25 per yd.

BOGGS & BUHL,
115, 117, 119 & 121 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

C. A. LANGBEIN,
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
ALL KINDS of HARNESS,



SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS,
COLLARS HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,
Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., etc. Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Riding Bridles, from .... 50c. up.
Team Bridles, from .... $1.50 up.
Lap Dusters, from .... 40c. up.
Machine-made Harness, from .... $6.00 up.
Hand-made Harness, from .... $10.00 up.
Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere. I guarantee to sell as cheap as the cheapest.
Shop Barker's Row on Centre street.
apr29tf

JOHN PFISTER,
DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Hardware, Queensware,
MADE-UP CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON,
HARNESS, ETC.,
OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,
CRESSON, PA.
mar2 90ly

EXECUTRIX' NOTICE.
Estate of Christian Bopp, deceased.
Letters testamentary on the estate of Christian Bopp, late of Washington township, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. MRS. PHILLIPINE BENDER,
Executrix,
Summit P. O., Cambria Co., Pa.
J. F. MCKENRICK,
Attorney for estate,
Ebensburg, Penna. [dec9

SIMON'S!

The most important event in Gallitzin this month will be our *TEN DAYS' SWEEPING SALE.* It will extend to every stock and department in the store and matchless values will be met everywhere. The most important announcement we intend to make in connection with this sale is the following:

$12.00! $12.00!

This Offer includes all our Fine Cassimeres and Worsted Cheviots, made in Cutaway, Frock or Sack. All the Latest Makes.

This Offer includes Any Suit You Can Find in the Stock, no matter what price--$15.00, $18.00, $20.00 or $22.00--TAKE THEM AT

$12.00! $12.00!

All this month you can walk right into our Suit Department and select any Suit in the entire assortment for just TWELVE DOLLARS.

This is a fair and square offer, and one that will pay you to investigate; the earlier you come the better your chance.

IN MEN'S OVERCOATS,

We shall offer UNUSUAL INDUCEMENTS to economical buyers.

SEVERAL STYLES BLACK BEAVER OVERCOATS,
" " BLUE KERSEY "
" " BROWN MILTONS "
$9.48!

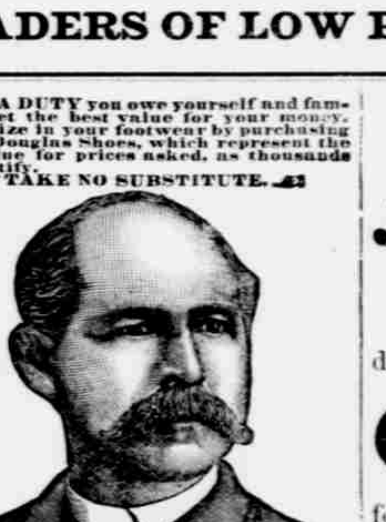
Worth at the very leat $12.00 and $15.00.

During this sale we give with every TEN DOLLARS' WORTH OF GOODS a Fine Pair of DRESS SHOES!

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S OVERCOATS at $1.69, worth at least $2.50 and $3.00. And don't foorget that our lines of Men's and Boys' Underwear, Hats and Caps is the largest in the county.

SIMON & CO.,
LEADERS OF LOW PRICES, GALLITZIN, PENNA.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself and family to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value for prices asked, as thousands will testify.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.



W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN,
THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.
A genuine sewed shoe, *that will not rip*, fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from $4 to $5.
$4 and $5 Hand-sewed, fine calf shoes. The most stylish, easy and durable shoes ever sold at the price. They equal fine imported shoes costing from $8 to $12.
$3.50 Police Shoe, worn by farmers and all others who want a good heavy calf, three soled, extension edge shoe, easy to walk in, and will keep the feet dry and warm.
$2.50 Fine Calf, $2.25 and $2.00 Workingmen's Shoes will give more wear for the money than any other make. They are made for service. The increasing sales show that workingmen have found this out.
Boys' $2.00 and Youths' $1.75 School Shoes are worn by the boys everywhere. The most serviceable shoes sold at the prices.
Ladies' $3.00 Hand-sewed, $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 Shoes for Misses are made of the best Dongola or fine Calf, as desired. They are very stylish, comfortable and durable. The $3.00 shoe equals custom made shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00. Ladies who wish to economize in their footwear are finding this out.
Caution.—W. L. Douglas' name and the price is stamped on the bottom of each shoe; look for it when you buy. Beware of dealers attempting to substitute other makes for them. Such substitutions are fraudulent and subject to prosecution by law for obtaining money under false pretences.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by
C. T. ROBERTS,
Agent, EBENSBURG, PA.
ma27.5m

JUST RECEIVED!
—A LARGE LOT—
Boots & Shoes
—BOUGHT AT—
Sheriff's Sale!
—FROM THE STOCK OF—
W. E. SCHMERTZ & CO.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
The public invited to call. Prices away down.
JNO. LLOYD & SONS.

HOTEL LE GRANDE.
H. J. SHETTIG, PROPRIETOR.
Located at DuBois, Pa., near the B. R. & P. Railway Depot. We always endeavor to furnish the best accommodations to business men, pleasure seekers and boarders. Persons in search of comfort and quiet will find it a desirable place to stop. The Table is unsurpassed and is always supplied with the best the market affords, and all the delicacies of the season. The Bar is supplied with the choicest of pure liquors and cigars and nothing but the best is sold. Special attention given to the care of horses.
H. J. SCHETTIG.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Letters Testamentary on the Estate of John Noon, late of Carroll township, Cambria county, deceased, have been granted to Michael Noon, resident of Carroll township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. MICHAEL NOON,
Executor of James Noon, Deceased.
Carroll Twp., Pa., Oct. 25, 1892.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

THE BEST PLACE IN ALTOONA
TO BUY CLOTHING IS AT
JOHN McCONNELL'S,
1300 ELEVENTH AVENUE.
Where you will find a complete line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suitings in all styles and qualities.
OVERCOATS!
for Men and Boys, for Style and Finish can not be beat for the price Furnishing Goods, Hats and caps,
TRUNKS AND SATCHELS
in endless varieties. You are invited to call and see us when in the city and we will do you good.
JOHN McCONNELL,
ALTOONA, PENNA.

GRAND CLEARANCE SALE
--AT--
J. D. LUCAS & CO.'S.
Bargains In All SUMMER GOODS!
Fall and Winter Goods Will Soon Be Here
And We MUST Have The Room!

"QUINN'S,"
New White Front Building, 113 Clinton Street, Johnstown, Pa.
New Stock of DRY GOODS, MILLINERY AND CARPETS. Call to see us when in town.
JAMES QUINN.

COAL LETTING

THE Commissioners of Cambria county will receive sealed Proposals at their office in Ebensburg until

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1892,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, M.,

For good Screened Coal to be delivered in bins at the Court House and Jail for one year from the first day of January next. The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

JOHN KIRBY,
P. E. DILLON,
J. G. LLOYD,
Commissioners.
Attest:
D. A. McGOUGH,
Clerk.
Ebensburg, Pa., Dec. 16, 1892.2t.

DO you need Job Printing? If so, give the FREEMAN a trial order.

CASSIDAY'S
Shaving Parlor,
EBENSBURG.
THIS well-known Shaving Parlor is located on Centre street, near the County Jail, has recently been handsomely returnished, papered, and fitted with every modern convenience, and is one of the prettiest, neatest, and best shops in Northern Cambria. It is in charge of competent workmen who will give every attention to customers. Your patronage solicited.
ROBERT CASSIDAY.

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA
Office on Centre street.

GOING LIKE THE BUFFALO

Prairie Chickens Are Growing Scarcer Every Season.

They Have Been Indiscriminately Slaughtered by Hunters—How the Fowls Protect Themselves.

The exhilarating sport of hunting the prairie chicken on the plains of the west will soon be as extinct as that of shooting buffalo, says an Abilene correspondent to the New York Advertiser. The quick whir-r-r of the bird is heard less and less frequently, and the hunters encounter a far greater wariness than of old. Only a few years ago and the sportsman was in clover when he reached the prairies of Kansas. Special cars with hunters aboard, stopped in the midst of the level plains and when the men came back it was with shoulders heavily laden with the toothsome and attractive game.

But the heartless and indiscriminate slaughter, in season and out of season, to which the different varieties of grouse and quail have been subjected during the past decade has almost ruined the sport on the plains of Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa and other sections of the west. To be sure there is yet game, but it has so decreased in quantity that the present season sees not one-tenth the amount that existed a few years since.

There is little sport more enticing than the shooting of prairie chickens—or pinnated grouse. Nothing can be compared to it except the hunting of the wild turkey. While turkey is sought in the timber of the bottom lands the prairie chicken lives boldly out on the plain, and trusts to his keenness of vision and rapid flight to protect himself. To creep upon a flock of the fowls at home is a sight to be remembered. The rich, plump bodies of the hens, shading from dark grayish brown on the breast and wings to a light gray neck and dark head, and the larger build of the males, with the distinguishing long black feathers on the neck, reaching down like the ends of a yoke, make a delicious contrast for the lover of a rifle with the green of the prairie sod.

They are large enough to make a good, legitimate prey; they are excellent eating, tender, rich, gamey. But their outposts hear you and a quick, clucking warning is given. In an instant every head drops, the bodies crouch close to the ground and apparently disappear. Unless you are a practical hunter you will declare that half a second has sufficed for some of the birds to sink into the earth. But they are all there. This one behind a little grass clump, that in a tiny hollow made by some pony's foot, another spreading its wings as it squats at the base of a weed stalk. To the amateur eye it is remarkable if without considerable search more than two or three can be detected, so closely do the colors of the birds blend with the shadows and tints of the sod.

The professional knows that they are all there and the bunch is speedily flushed. In an instant they rise about you as if suddenly created from dust. One was less than a yard from your feet, yet you did not see it. Their flight is a peculiar one. Rising to a height of from twenty to fifty feet, they take a horizontal course, churning the air rapidly with the stumpy wings until momentum is acquired, then sailing with outstretched pinions for many rods. A prairie chicken is never awkward or ridiculous except when in the air. On taking flight the birds do not, like quail, go as a flock, but radiate in every direction, so that he is a good gunner indeed who makes both barrels count.

The prairie chicken is non-migratory, and, like quail, turkey and rabbits, might be preserved for all time if afforded a reasonable amount of protection. Grouse and quail can stand a comparatively close settlement of the country, at least one as close as most parts of the west will admit of, and with the proper enforcement of rigidly drafted game laws, as well as a manly forbearance on the part of the sportsmen themselves, would preserve the now unequal ratio between the increase and slaughter. As it is now there is practically no protection, and from June to December the markets of western cities show forbidden game. It is not alone grouse, but quail, wild turkeys and other varieties suffer. Poachers go with dogs out of season and bring in loads of the pretty game, and it finds its way mysteriously into the stalls of the cities.

Kansas and Nebraska have laws prohibiting the killing or offering for sale of birds except from September 1 to January 1. Yet so flagrantly has the law been violated that it has become necessary for sportsmen's clubs to offer purses for information regarding violation in order to prevent entire extermination. It will take but a short time to put an end to the sport at the present rate of decrease.

The famous civilian scout Burgess, who is attached to the government post in Yellowstone park, gives some interesting facts regarding the increase of game since severe measures have been taken with the poaching trapper. The elk, he says, are now in such abundance that they promise to give game to the hunter in season for many years to come, while the buffalo are increasing to such an extent that the park will soon be well stocked. The same kind of vigorous measures will be necessary if the western prairies are not to be stripped of the smaller as they have been of the larger game.

How the Rules Read.

In South Carolina, where everybody is a born aristocrat, rules of court prescribed that not only the judges but the attorneys must wear robes in court. Against this rule the leader of the bar—his name was Petigree—stoutly rebelled. He constantly appeared in court in the rough costume of a planter, and the judges pretended not to notice it. One day, however, when he was leading counsel in an important case, and he rose to address the court in his usual pepper and salt, the presiding judge felt compelled to draw his attention to the rules of court regarding the attire of attorneys. Petigree smiled and observed: "I understand your honor to say that the rules of court must be executed." The judge bowed. "Then, sir," said Petigree, holding the rules in his hand, "I read this rule: 'The sheriff shall attend this court in cocked hat and sword.' I now draw your attention to the sheriff there. His hat is cocked, but most certainly his sword is not."

FASHIONS FOR CHILDREN.

ACCORDION-PLAITED skirts of vailing or cashmere with guimpe waists are worn by small girls.

TAM O'SHANTERS are coming into fashion again for youngsters. They are made in fancy velvets, plush and wool materials.

PLUSH is again coming into use for millinery, especially for children. The tiny plush bonnets, with plaited fronts or in poke shape, are extremely becoming.

DRESSY frocks for girls are composed of fine white woolen or light-colored silk, draped low over a chemisette of embroidery, and with undersleeves of the same, the full upper sleeves being of the dress stuff. Such dresses are always made with broad ribbon sashes knotted at the back.



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for the worst form of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, also Spinal Weakness and Leucorrhœa.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development, and checks the tendency to cancerous humors.

It removes faintness, flatulency, weakness of the stomach, cures Bloating, Headache, Nervous Prostration, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion, also that feeling of Bearing down, causing pain, weight, and backache.

It acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system under all circumstances.

For Kidney Complaints of either sex this Compound is unsurpassed. Correspondence freely answered. Address in confidence,

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From Pole to Pole

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.

The Harpooner's Story.

New Bedford, June 1, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Twenty years ago I was a harpooner in the North Pacific, when five others of the crew and myself were laid up with scurvy. Our bodies were bloated, gums swollen and bleeding, teeth loose, purple blotches all over us, and our breath seemed rotten. Take it by and large we were pretty badly off. All our lime-juice was accidentally destroyed, but the captain had a couple dozen bottles of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA and gave us that. We recovered on it quicker than I have ever seen men brought about by any other treatment for Scurvy, and I've seen a good deal of it. Seeing no mention in your Almanac of your Sarsaparilla being good for scurvy, I thought you ought to know of this, and so send you the facts.

Respectfully yours, RALPH Y. WINGATE.

The Trooper's Experience.

Maseru, Basutoland (S. Africa,) March7, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Gentlemen: I have much pleasure to testify to the great value of your Sarsaparilla. We have been stationed here for over two years, during which time we had to live in tents. Being under canvas for such a time brought on what is called in this country "veldt-sores." I had those sores for some time. I was advised to take your Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made my sores disappear rapidly, and I am now quite well.

Yours truly, T. K. BODEN,
Trooper, Cape Mounted Riflemen.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only thoroughly effective blood-purifier, the only medicine that eradicates the poisons of Scrofula, Mercury, and Contagious Disease from the system.

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For if you do not it may become consumptive. For *Consumption, Scrofula, General Debility and Wasting Diseases,* there is nothing like

SCOTT'S EMULSION

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Scott's Emulsion

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HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.

The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really meritorious. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.

It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS

Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.

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KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.

Good for Moulting Hens.

It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six more to prevent Roup," says one customer. **If you can't get it send to us. Ask first.** Sample for 25 cts. in stamps, five packs $1. Large 2 1/4 lb. can, by mail, $1.20. Six large cans, $5, express prepaid. Sample copy of **The Best Poultry Paper** sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.50. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

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MILD AUTHORITY.

The Autocrat of the Club in the City of London.

The police regulations in England are very different from those common in this country. The policeman there is not nearly so autocratic as he is here, and would never think of using a club or striking a man except in self-defense. J. Gilman Speed gives this story of their mild sway in Frank Leslie's Weekly:

Upon one occasion a man came into my office and created a disturbance. I ordered him out. He declined to go, so I sent for a policeman. A sergeant came. I said to him:

"This man does not belong here, and refuses to leave my office. Will you please take him out?"

I expected the sergeant to tell the man he must go, and then, if he did not move on, I expected to see the officer remove him by force. Not at all. The sergeant said: "You had better leave here, sir;" and his tone was as respectful and civil as though he were asking a favor.

The man manifested no intention of leaving, and the police officer began an inquiry as to his reasons for wanting to stay. This so exasperated me that I put the man out myself, greatly to the astonishment and apprehension of the officer.

He explained to me that I had no right to interfere in the matter I had brought to his attention; and that doubtless the intruder would get out a warrant against me and have me arrested for assault.

HINDOO WOMEN.

Remarkable for Their Beauty, Though Having Barbaric Customs.

The women of the dark-skinned Hindoo race are remarkable for their physical beauty. Below the medium height (from a European standpoint) their carriage is erect and exceedingly graceful. The long, swinging motion which they affect in walking is produced by their habit of carrying all kinds of merchandise on the head. The Hindoo head is small and the face is refined, with delicately chiseled features. The hair, "woman's crowning glory," is blue-black and very abundant. It is worn parted in the middle and drawn down straight behind the ears, being coiled at the back of the head in a heavy knot.

They practice the barbaric custom of piercing the nose, through which a gold or silver ring is inserted. The fingers of the small black hands are usually covered with rings of various kinds, while silver bracelets adorn the slender wrists. Rings are worn also frequently on the toes, and the women are seldom seen without heavy silver anklets.

The single garment worn by the Hindoo women consists of a long scarf, always of some white material, which is dexterously woven about the body until it forms a skirt, and what looks like a sleeveless jacket.

Their caste is denoted by the color of the mark which the priest of the Brahmin religion places each morning on their forehead.

KEYLESS WATCHES.

Ingenious Contrivances for Making Pocket Timepieces Self-Winding.

Keyless watches, now so popular, have long been known, but have not been in general use more than a dozen years. Napoleon I. was the owner of a wonderful specimen of this species of keyless timepieces. It was continually kept in running order by a small weight at the end of a lever which worked on a weak spring. Every step taken caused a small "dog" to drop into the cogs of a tiny rachet wheel, this in turn acting on the barrel to which the mainspring was attached; ordinary movements about the house were sufficient to keep the spring tightly wound up. In the Kensington museum, London, there is a pedometer, operated in a similar manner, combined with a watch, so that the one instrument tells the time and the distance walked by the wearer in a day or any other given time. There is a watch on exhibition at the United States patent office which is wound by the simple act of closing the case. It also has an attachment that throws the winding device out of gear as soon as the spring is well wound up.

BRAIN ACTION.

A Professor Has Found Out Exactly How Rapidly We Think.

Helmholz showed that a wave of thought would require about a minute to travel a mile of nerve, and Hersch found that a touch on the face was recognized by the brain and responded to by a manual signal in the seventh of a second.

He also found, says Drake's Magazine, that the speed of sense differed for different organs, the sense of hearing being responded to in the sixth of a second, while that of sight required one-fifth of a second to be felt and signaled. In all these cases the distance traversed was about the same; so the inference is that images travel more slowly than sounds or touch. It still remained, however, to show the portion of this interval taken up by the action of the brain.

Prof. Donders, by very delicate apparatus, has demonstrated this to be about seventy-five thousandths of a second. Of the whole interval forty thousandths are occupied in the simple act of recognition, and thirty-five thousandths for the act of willing response.

How to Light a Solid Body.

Cadogan Morgan was the first electrician to experiment with electric light in solid bodies. This was in 1785. He first inserted two wires into a stick of wood and caused the spark to pass between them. This had the effect of illuminating the stick a beautiful blood red. An ivory ball, an orange or an apple may be lighted in the same manner. Some experimenters prefer the lemon for this purpose, it being very susceptible to the electric discharge, flashing forth at every spark as a spheroid of brilliant golden light. The wires used for this purpose should be brought within about half an inch of each other inside the lemon.

The Wonders of Reproduction.

Aphides are a species of minute insect belonging to the order of Hemiptera, suborder Homoptera, and, taken collectively, 100 of them would hardly weigh a grain. Now, let us try a comparison. The average man, we will say, weighs about 2,000,000 grains. Yet it has been found, by actual calculation, that if these minute insects were left unchecked to only the tenth generation, the descendants of a single pair would be equivalent, in point of actual weight, to 500,000,000 very heavy men. This would be equal to one-third of the population of the globe, supposing each person to weigh an average of 180 pounds.

No Spooning in the Grecian Isles.

Describing marriage customs in Kaso, one of the most southern islands of Greece, E. M. Edmonds, in the Eastern and Western Review, says the parents upon both sides take upon themselves all the responsibilities of courtship and marriage. Courtship, as we understand it, is not in any way permitted to the betrothed couple. No moonlight walks or tete-a-tetes are allowed. Such a course would be deemed highly reprehensible, and all wooing, if there be any, must take place in the presence of the elders; but there is no great time for repining at these decrees of custom, for the marriage follows the offer as quickly as may be.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

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Direct from the great factores of the world and are guatanteed to be of the very best, choicest quality, but which we propose to sell at ONE PROFIT ONLY. No middle men and small dealers' profit, but sold to you direct at IMPORTERS' PRICES. No matter what interested parties may try to make you believe, just come straight to

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all of which you know leads the musical world in quality and character of their goods. While we put the prices down to you at such rates, and on such

EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT

As puts one of these elegant instruments within the reach of

Every Man Who Loves His Home and Children.

You should have a Decker Bros. or Knabe or Fisher, or Estey, and Story & Clark instrument, instead of some cheap or unknown or perhaps some old fossil make. Therefore have only one of the above named instruments. Have no other. Also remember that for either Pianos or Organs, Bands and Orchestra instruments we will make to you the very lowest Single Profit Prices, and EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT. Also remember to write direct to the house, or call personally at the salesrooms in the

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538 North Fourth St. below Green, Philadelphia. **AFTER** the family physician, the hospital and advertising doctors have failed, as well as quacks who promise to cure you after all others fail, and to give you a written guarantee, free advice, free treatment; and after the belt swindlers, the pill manufacturers, with their so-called tonics, restoratives, tablets, supporters, and other secret nostrum humbug concerns, the home cure medicines, etc., etc., have swindled and robbed you, **THEN** go and consult **DR. G. F. THEEL**, who has had **6** years' **European Hospital** and **26** years' practical experience. Be examined by him. He will candidly tell you whether your case is curable or not. He does not guarantee, nor does he claim to be God's equal, but he does cure the **most desperate** cases of **Syphilis, Ulcers, Strictures, Gonorrhœal Poison, and Discharges.** Sufferers from **Melancholia** and downheartedness, and all those diseased from effects of **youthful Indiscretion,** of both sexes, are sure of a cure. **Remember, DR. THEEL** does cure what all others only claim to do. **DR. THEEL** uses common sense treatment. He combines the Allopathic, Homœopathic and Eclectic systems of medicine wherever they are indicated. Hours: Daily, 9 to 2 o'clock; evenings, 6 to 9. Wed. and Sat. evenings from 6 to 10 o'clock; Sundays, 9 to 12. Send 10 cts. worth of 2ct. stamps for book "*Truth*," the only true medical book advertised, a friend to old, young, and middle-aged of both sexes. Write or call. AVOID doctors warning you against medical books; they are afraid you will find their ignorance exposed. READ Dr. Theel's testimonials in Wednesday's and Saturday's Philadelphia *Times*.

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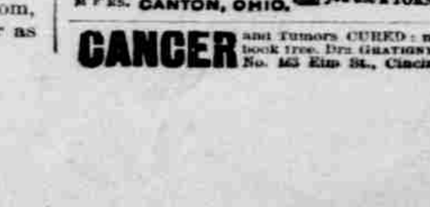


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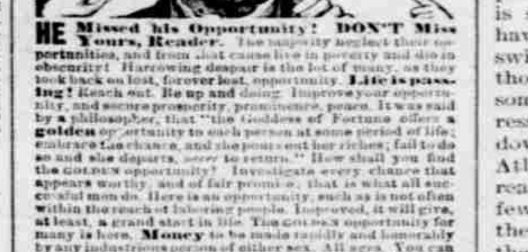
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HE Missed his Opportunity! DON'T Miss Yours, Reader. The majority neglect their opportunities, and from that cause live in poverty and die in obscurity! Harrowing despair is the lot of many, as they look back on lost, forever lost, opportunity. **Life is passing!** Reach out. **Be up and** doing. Improve your opportunity, and secure prosperity, prominence, peace. It was said by a philosopher, that "the Goddess of Fortune offers a **golden** opportunity to each person at some period of life; embrace the chance, and she pours out her riches; fail to do so and she departs, never to return." How shall you find the GOLDEN opportunity? Investigate every chance that appears worthy, and of fair promise; that is what all successful men do. Here is an opportunity, such as is not often within the reach of laboring people. Improved, it will give, at least, a grand start in life. The GOLDEN opportunity for many is here. **Money** to be made rapidly and honorably by any industrious person of either sex. All ages. You can do the work and live at home, wherever you are. Even beginners are easily earning from **$5** to **$10** per day. You can do as well if you will work, not too hard, but industriously; and you can increase your income as you go on. You can give spare time only, or all your time to the work. Easy to learn. Capital not required. We start you. All is comparatively new and really wonderful. We instruct and show you how, **free.** Failure unknown among our workers. No room to explain here. Write and learn all **free,** by return mail. Unwise to delay. Address at once, **H. Hallett & Co., Box 880, Portland, Maine.**

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SCIENCE TEACHINGS.

THE average man has 2,304,000 pores in his skin.

THE common snail sets forth to ravage our gardens equipped with 150 rows of stout serrated teeth. The whole palate contains about 21,000 teeth, while a full-grown slug has over 26,000 of these silicious spikes.

A RECENT scientific expedition shows the existence of terraces in Palestine, showing that at one time the Dead sea had risen to the level of the Mediterranean, the Jordan in the glacial period forming a lake two hundred miles long.

WE are familiar with the rush of the express train as it flashes past us at the rate of sixty miles an hour, but light actually travels 11,179,460 times as fast! The initial velocity of the shot from the 12-pound bronze service gun is only 1,769 feet a second.

THE size and shape of rain drops has been the subject of special investigation by E. J. Lowe. The size of the drop ranges, he finds, from an almost invisible point to at least two inches in diameter. Occasionally large drops fall that must be more or less hollow, as they fail to wet the whole surface inclosed within the drop.

PEOPLE OFTEN SPOKEN OF.

WHITELAW REID is an Episcopalian and Mrs. Reid a Presbyterian, and they go together alternately to their respective churches.

MR. JOHN JACOB ASTOR is not only a director of the Rider and Driver Publishing Company of New York, but a regular contributor to its editorial and news columns.

IT is claimed that two of the most successful merchants in the United States, John Wanamaker, of Philadelphia, and Marshall Field, of Chicago, have never advertised in the Sunday newspapers.

MRS. J. ELLEN FOSTER, well known to all W. C. T. U. workers and to many others, is a woman of large and rather imposing person. She speaks with wonderful fluency and decision, and seems to be absolutely self-possessed.

AT the time of election to his present position as grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Mr. Peter M. Arthur was an engineer on the New York Central railroad, having a home in Utica. His present residence is on Euclid avenue, Cleveland, and he is said to be worth $300,000.

FUNNY MISTAKES IN PRINT.

A NEW England paper told about "a drove of hogs" floating down the Connecticut river instead of "a drive of logs."

AN editor discussed the political situation in a comprehensive editorial and headed it: "Let Us Explore." He neglected to read the proof, and it appeared under the caption: "Let Us Explode."

IN a lecture at Boston Rev. Joseph Cook asked his audience: "Was Saint Paul a dupe?" In the report of the lecture, Mr. Cook was made to propound the startling conundrum: "Was Saint Paul a dude?"

IT was a Boston newspaper which made its dramatic critic say: "The toast for Irving, like the toast for olives, must be cut elevated." What the critic wrote was: "The taste for Irving, like the taste for olives, must be cultivated."

A SWISS paper contains the following advertisement: "Wierpach, in the Bernese Oberland, is the favorite resort of all persons in search of solitude. Hence this peaceful hamlet is frequented by a crowd of visitors from all parts of the world."—La Tribune.

EUROPE'S ROYALTY.

IN honor of his daughter's birth the German emperor has resolved to pardon all female prisoners now undergoing punishment for the first time for crimes committed through distress or anger.

THE dowager duchess of Sutherland will not be badly fixed, financially, even if the English section of the family do ostracize her. Her Florida estates will produce an annual rental of $250,000.

ONE crown prince at least will be present at the world's fair, as the future emperor of Austria has signified his intention of visiting Chicago after his lengthy tour in the orient, Australia and New Zealand.

PRINCESS MARIE BIBESCO swam across the Hellespont recently, the first woman Leander on record. She was accompanied by her brother-in-law, and arrived on the Asiatic side of the Hellespont three minutes before he did.

PALETTE AND BRUSH.

THE keynote of the popular conception of Dore is struck in the assertion that Fra Angelico could never paint a sinner and that Dore could never portray a saint.

"THE Dickens of Vienna," as he was sometimes called — Herr Friedrich Schloegl—died a short time ago at the age of seventy-one. The truth and hu[illegible] of his character gave him an immense popularity.

MR. HENRY MOSLER, the artist, formerly of Cincinnati, O., and now permanently settled in Paris, lately received a long complimentary notice in the Journal des Arts, of Paris. Mr. Mosler obtained an honorable mention in 1879, a medal of the third class in 1888, a silver medal of the exposition of 1889 and was represented in this year's Salon.

THIS IS A RAPID AGE.

Quick-Traveling Americans Responsible for the Passion for Speed.

This is an age of extreme rapidity, and the passion for speed in every form of movement appears to grow more intense with every year. The demand for the saving of every minute that can possibly be saved in crossing the ocean is so strong that the steamship lines have felt compelled to build bigger and swifter steamers one after another, although the outlay involved has been something prodigious. So marked progress has already been made in cutting down the time required in crossing the Atlantic, and so many vessels have already been built or ordered, that in a few years the transatlantic fleet, for the number of huge ships employed, for the marvelous celerity of their passages, for the splendor of their appointments, for the luxury of travel by water, will exemplify the marvelous development of the nineteenth century in a way that must mightily impress the whole civilized world. But, according to the New York Tribune, it is not only on the water that people wish to move with the greatest rapidity that is consistent with safety. The anxiety to get from one place to another with the least possible delay is characteristically American, and the American railways are constantly improving their service. They did not advance with much swiftness in that direction until within the last score of years, but the steps onward that have been taken by the railroad corporations in that time are notable indeed. The limited expresses running between the principal cities of the country have far surpassed the most sanguine expectations of the railroad managers and the railroad passengers of a quarter of a century ago. America is now ahead of the rest of the world in the swiftness of her railroad trains, and if it were not for the haste which Americans are so passionately fond of in traveling it is not at all likely that so powerful and rapid vessels would have been required on the transatlantic lines.

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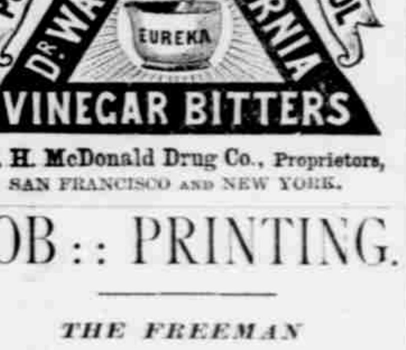
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KITCHEN POINTERS.

IT is said that clusters of clover, if hung in a room and left to dry and shed their perfume through the air, will drive away more flies than all the fly traps and sticky fly papers can collect.—Detroit Free Press.

ROLL JELLY CAKE.—Four eggs, one cup sugar, one cup flour, one teaspoon baking powder, flavor to taste. Bake in a quick oven; turn out on a cloth, spread with jelly. Roll by keeping cloth between cake and hand. One-half receipt can be used.—Home.

TO BOIL RICE.—Wash clean two cupfuls of rice; put it into a pot with two quarts of water, and boil it quite tender; turn it into a colander to drain, but do not stir it. Let it stand before the fire to dry about ten minutes. Every kernel of rice will be separate, dry and look very white.—Boston Budget.

BARBERRIES are never considered fit for use, like the persimmon of the south, until they have been touched by the frost. They then make a delicious jelly, an excellent preserve or pickle, while the juice when canned makes a delightfully cooling drink, mixed with water, for feverish invalids.—N. Y. Tribune.

CALF'S LIVER SAUTE.—Slice the liver. Throw boiling water over it for a minute. Have some butter very hot in a frying-pan, and lay the slices in, turning until cooked firm; place on a hot dish. Squeeze lemon juice and sprinkle parsley over the top. Add the butter in which the liver was cooked and serve.—Food.

LAW BREAKERS.

BERLIN complains of the enforcement of the Sunday laws under which no one is permitted to work more than five hours during the day.

TO ILLUSTRATE the execrableness of German law, a cavalry officer was discharged for reaching from his saddle and saving the life of a little girl who was about to be run over.

ONE Moses Lull was fined twenty-five dollars the other day in a Lynn (Mass.) court for cruelty to a horse. The full weight of his punishment may be estimated when it is explained that he had bought the horse for seventy-five cents.

TWO ENGLISH women fought, made up their quarrel and kissed. Then one of them caused the arrest of the other for assault and battery. Thereupon the claim was made that the kiss had canceled the grievance and there could be no cause for action.

A FRENCH artist recently evaded very cleverly the law requiring dogs to be muzzled by painting a muzzle on his Fido. So realistic was it that the deception might never have been known if the dog had not foolishly bitten a policeman one day and so betrayed his fond master.

THE WORLD'S ODD CORNERS.

THE deepest mining shaft in Africa has recently been opened at Kimberly. It goes down 1,000 feet.

SEVERAL autograph letters of Luther and Melancthon have been discovered in the library of an obscure town in the Prussian province of Saxony.

THE longest canal in the world is the one which extends from the frontier of China to St. Petersburg. It measures in all 4,472 miles.

THE most powerful naphtha spring on record was recently opened in Baku on the Taggiell grant. If it continues at its original force it will be the richest naphtha fountain in the world.

IT is likely that Tampico, Mexico, will become one of the deep-water ports of the world. The soundings now measure more than twenty feet over the bar, the greatest depth ever attained. The bar is wearing away.

COMPLETE statistics of the great fire at St. John's, Newfoundland, have just been issued. The number of houses destroyed was 1,550, the number of families burned out 1,874, and the total number of persons burned out 10,234.

PEOPLE ACROSS THE SEA.

EMIN PASHA is now perfectly destitute, according to the latest news. He is living with an Arab at Tabora, and cannot leave until he receives help.

POPE LEO XIII. attributes his long life and general good health to the regularity of his habits and his abstinence from anything but the simplest fare.

NYMAK PASHA, the senior field marshal of the Turkish army, lately died at the age of 110 years. His eldest son, who is over 70, is also an Ottoman field marshal.

THE rapidity with which caste is giving way in India is indicated by the fact that it recently cost a wealthy man who had lost caste only $300 to be reinstated. Seventy years ago it would have cost him $100,000.

MAVROYENI BEY, Turkish minister to Washington, is not a solemn and secluded person like most of his countrymen, but a jolly little "Frenchy" sort of man, with a fondness for social life. He lately added a knowledge of tennis to his other accomplishments.

JUST "OLD TIMBER."

The Famous Ship "Foudroyant" Sold and Broken Up.

The famous old Foudroyant, one of Nelson's flagships—in fact, the only one, except the Victory, still in existence—has come to an ignominious end. The Foudroyant was launched at Plymouth in 1798.

Had she been launched a month earlier, says the Viking, the Foudroyant would have been flagship at the Nile. As it was, she had the honor of capturing the Genereux, 74, and the Guillaume Tell, 80, the only line-of-battle ships which escaped from the bay of Aboukir. She served first under Sir James B. Warren, in 1798, and helped to defeat Commodore Bombart's squadron off the coast of Ireland, when the Hoche, 74, was captured. She then joined the Mediterranean fleet blockading Cadiz, and afterward engaged in watching the French ships in Toulon. On the escape of the latter she was dispatched to Naples to reinforce Lord Nelson, who then transferred his flag to her from the Vanguard. The Foudroyant now became the seat of government of the kingdom of Naples, and was for a considerable time the residence of the king and queen, and of Sir William and Lady Hamilton. It was while in the Foudroyant that Nelson "captured Rome with his ships," and in her he subsequently flew his flag as commander in chief in the Mediterranean.

The ship has, however, other associations hardly less interesting than those connected with Nelson. On the 22d of March 1801, in the bay of Aboukir, where she had so narrowly missed bearing a glorious part three years before, she received on board Sir Ralph Abercromby, who had been mortally wounded in the battle of the 21st. In spite of all these historical associations, the British naval authorities have sold the Foudroyant, and she has been broken up as old timber.

GRAINS OF SAND.

NO ONE can be truly brave who is not trying to be truly good.

NO ONE can have joy to-day who is worrying about to-morrow.

ANYTHING that makes us take an unselfish interest in others makes us better.

WHEN you want to find a coward, hunt up the man who knows he is wrong.

THERE are too many people who never think it worth while to undertake to be religious with their money.—Ram's Horn